

Auroral Alert in Operation (ver 1.0)

A real-time judging of BIG aurora in all sky camera

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Swedish Institute of Space Physics (IRF), Kiruna

www (www@irf.se) <aurora-alerts@irf.se>

2021-11-06 at 18:32

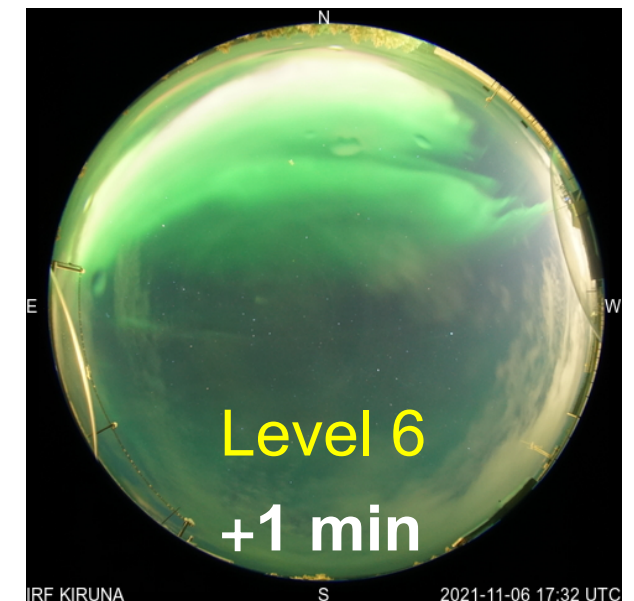
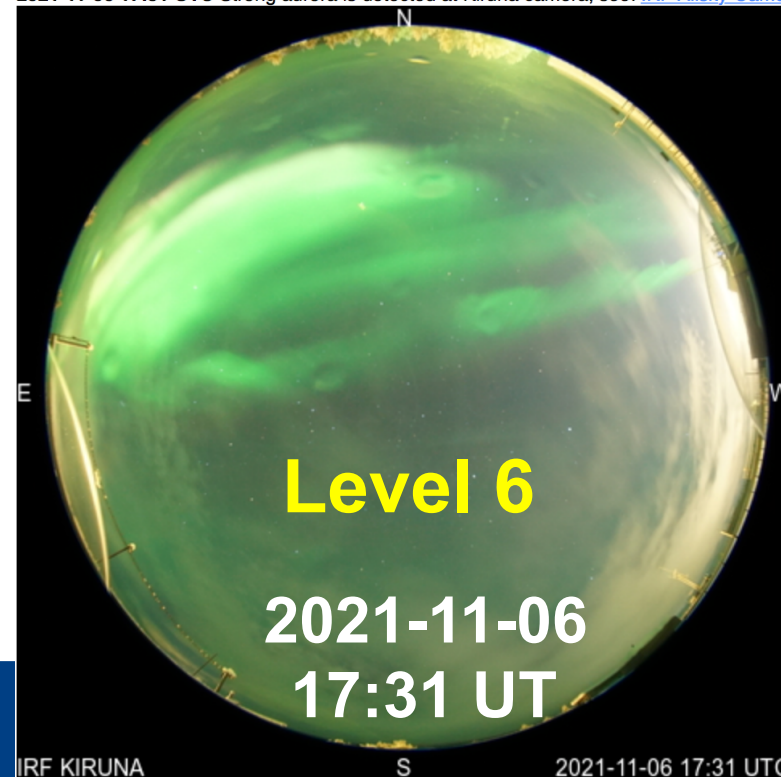
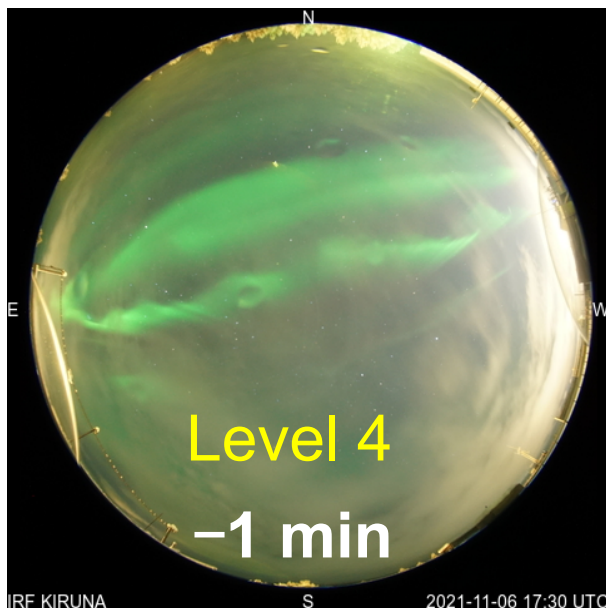
To: aurora-alerts@irf.se

Alert e-mail

Reply-To: www@irf.se

Strong aurora is detected at Kiruna camera

2021-11-06 17:31 UTC Strong aurora is detected at Kiruna camera, see: [IRF Allsky-Camera](#)



M. Yamauchi
Kiruna, Sweden



Why Auroral Alert?

Visitors to Kiruna during September-March would like to see aurora.

Yes, can expect aurora every night. **But it is easy to miss "BIG" aurora** because

- (1) Big one appears **only 5-10 minutes after long "boring"** weak aurora.
- (2) The **timing is unpredictable** for this 5-10 minutes.
- (3) It is **too cold** to wait outside.
- (4) Even monitoring the nowcast (inside the room) make you bored, and easy to miss the important moment.

⇒ As the host and specialist of aurora, we dreamed an automatic alert system of **"BIG" aurora**, not the boring weak ones.

(Machine-learning auroral classification? ⇒ No system has classified such "BIG event".)

Source Data = IRF all-sky camera (ASC)

Sony α 7s with a Nikon Nikkor 8 mm 1:2.8 objective lens



Inside a 30 cm heated dome at the roof of IRF optical laboratory.

Controlled by a Raspberry Pi 4 computer

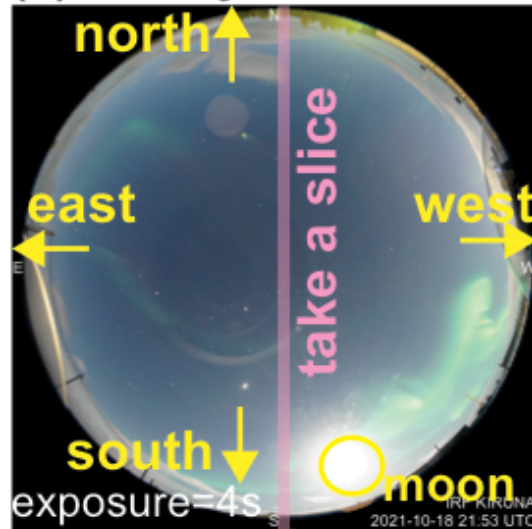
Data is stored on a large disk-server and made available in real time at

<https://www.irf.se/sv/observatorieverksamhet/firmamentkamera/>

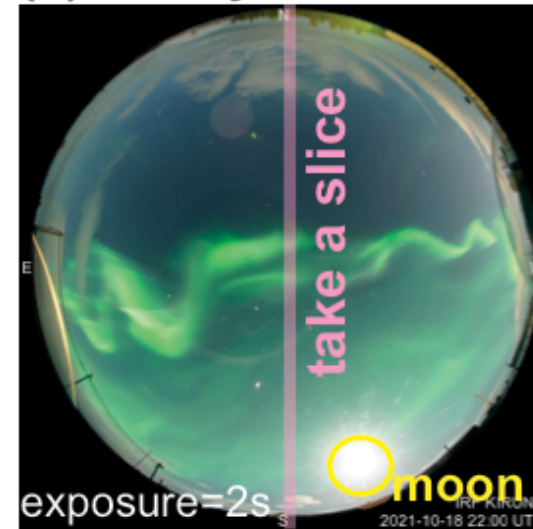
Data output from ASC + Keogram

Kiruna all-sky camera data, October 2021

(a) All-sky 21:53 UT

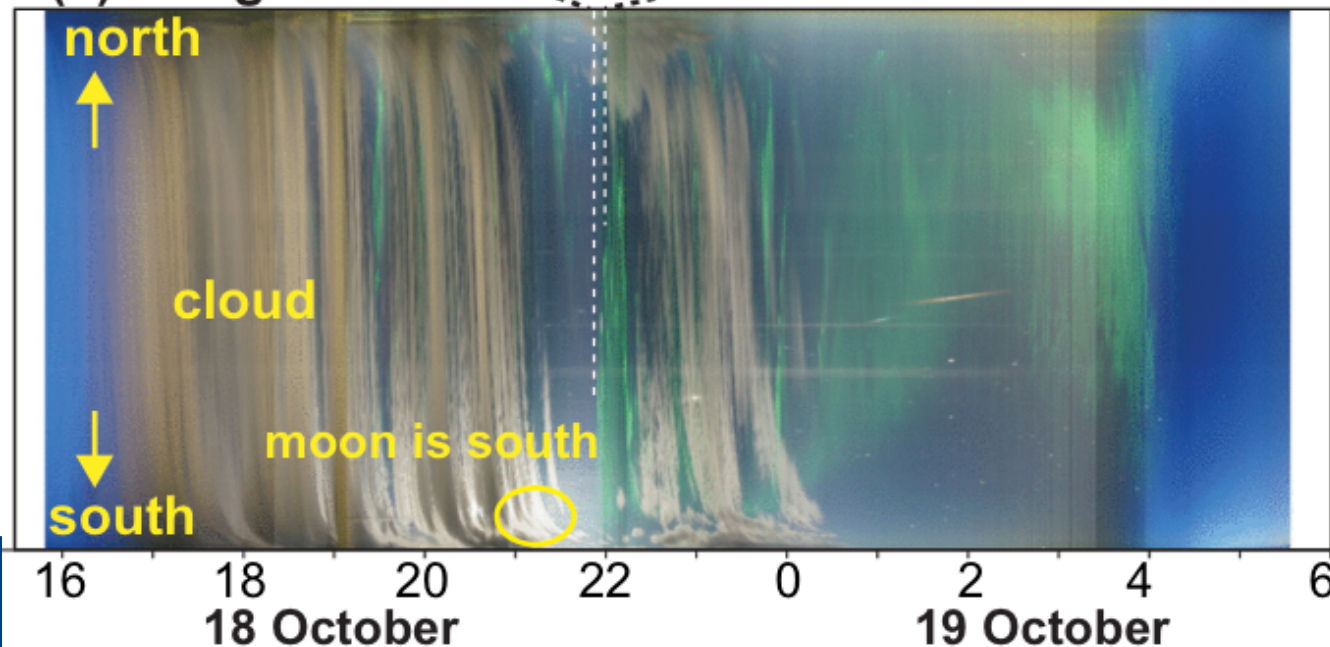


(b) All-sky 22:00 UT



(c) Keogram

add every slice



Two-step calculation to define activity level

1. **Convert image (255x255x255 colors x 1 million pixels information) into simple set of numbers = ASC auroral index.**

Like calculating moment (n, v, p) from spectrogram (actually, its jpg image)

- solid calculation
- no AI

2. **Use this index to define the level of aurora.**

Define event/region from moment value only

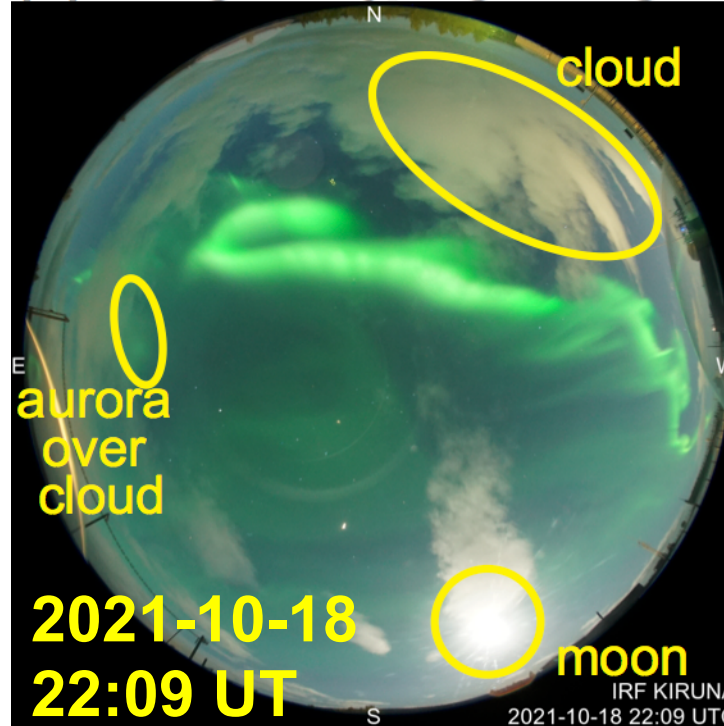
- solid criterion
- AI (neural network) is allowed

Two-step calculation to define activity level

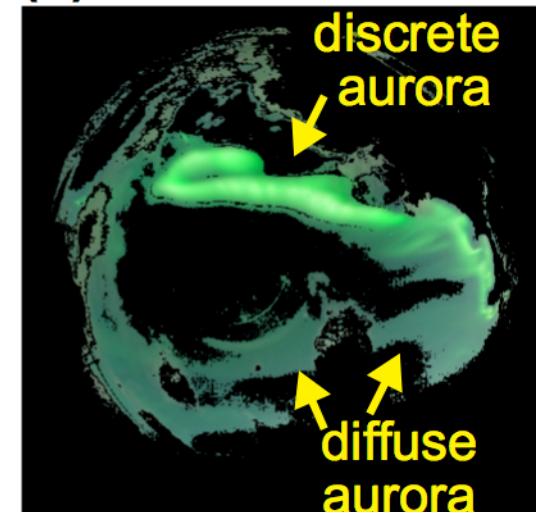
1. First convert each image (1 million pixels) into a simple set of numbers.

1a. Classify each pixel into "strong", "green arc", "diffuse", cloud, artificial light, and moon. We use "expert system" on the color (RGB values) each pixel

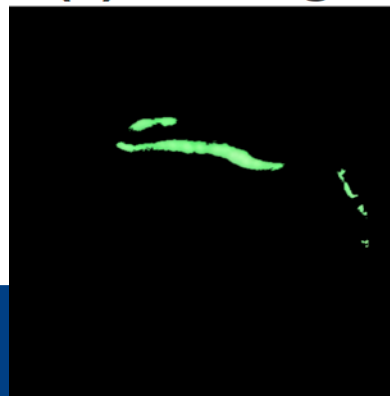
(a) Original jpeg image



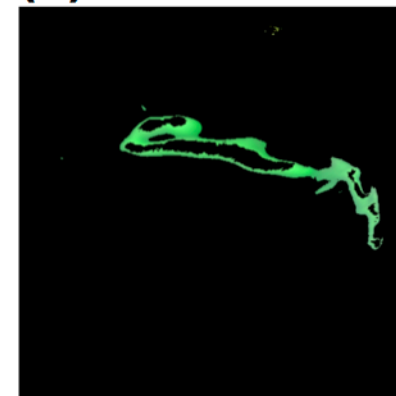
(b) Extracted aurora



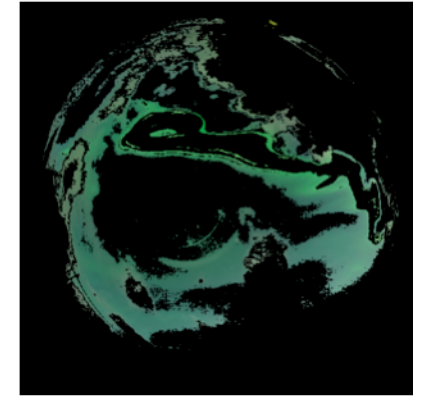
(c) "Strong"



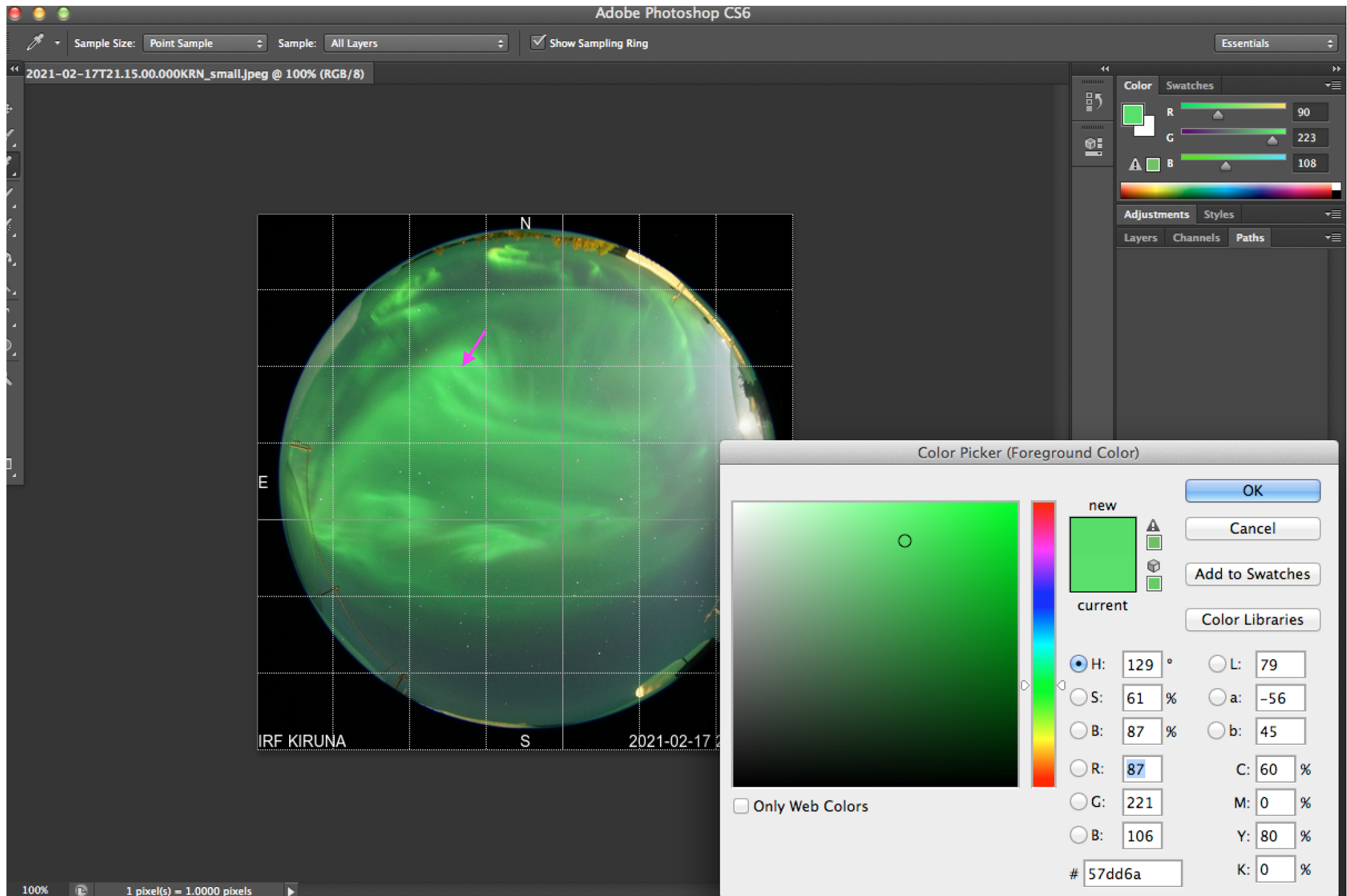
(d) "Green Arc"



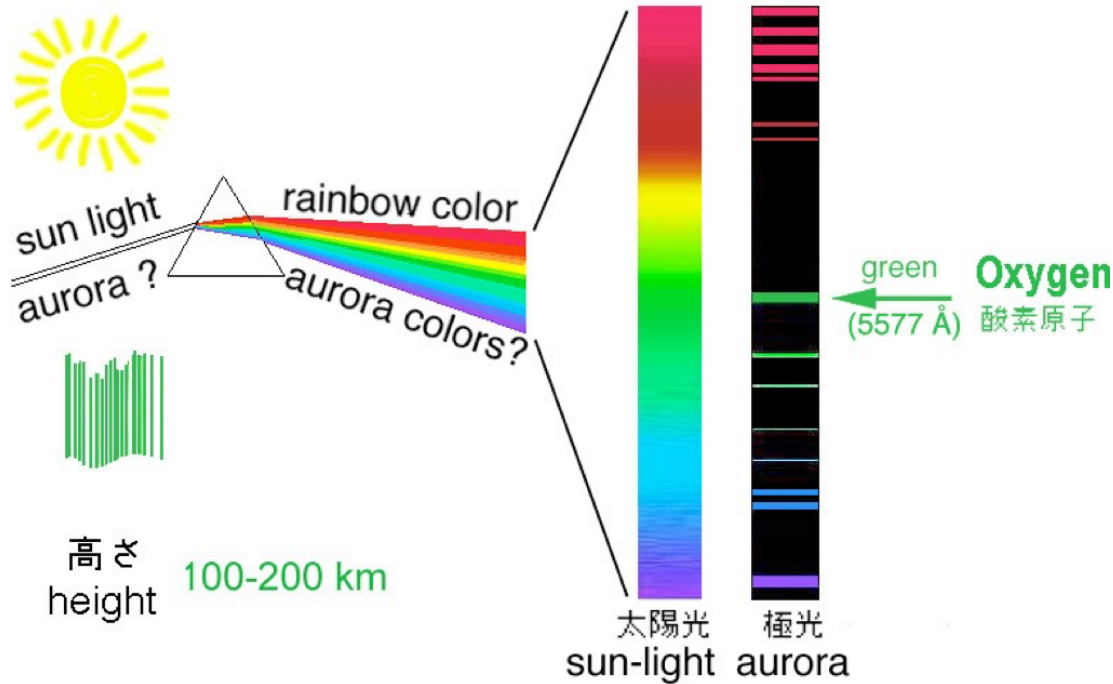
(e) "Diffuse"



First, examine pixel by pixel & image by image

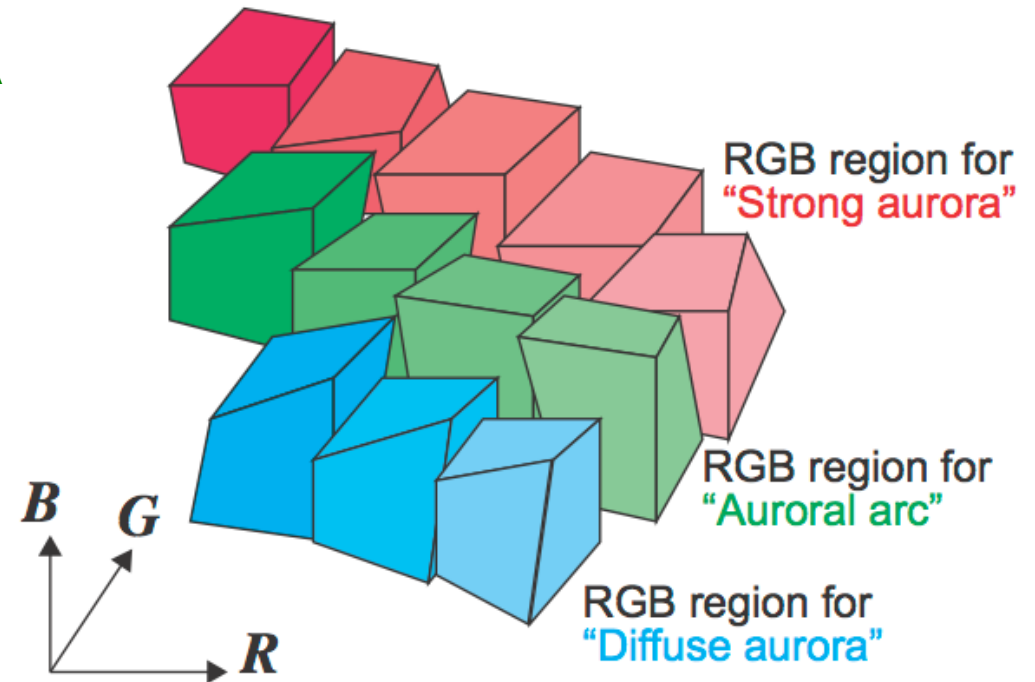
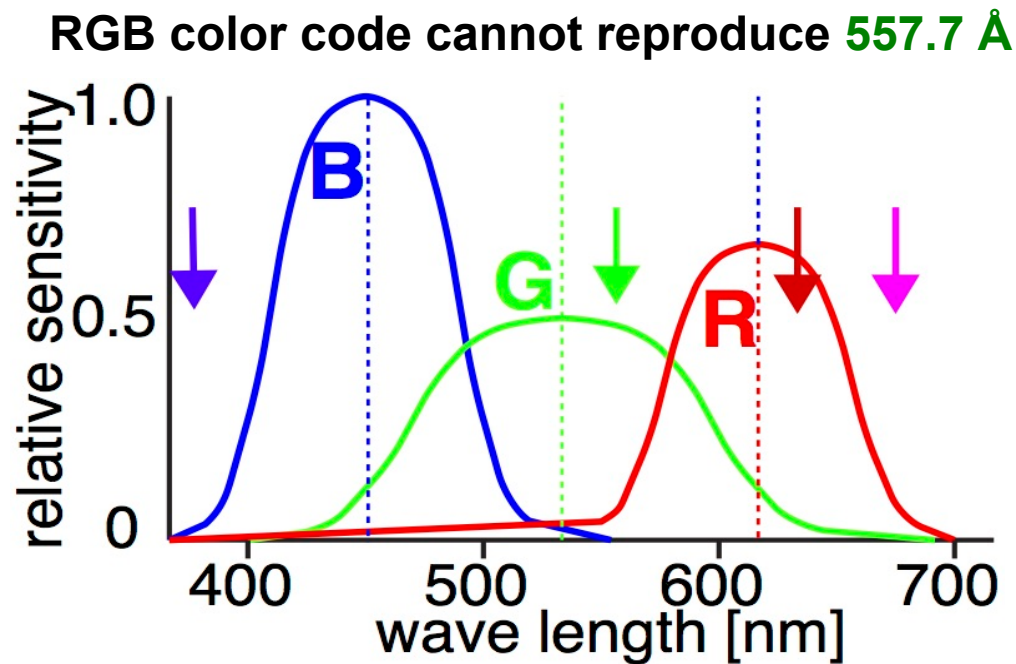


The reality of green color



Almost all monitoring (nowcasting) camera uses RGB system, which (1) does not re-produce "real" $557.7 \text{ \AA}$, and (2) mixes different green-color source, ending up large deviation from $557.7 \text{ \AA}$

Followings are all "green aurora pixels"



Appendix-2: pixel data (eye-identified)

J269	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V
245																						
246	saturate=safe (2021):																					
247	241	255	230	94.51	90.2	184.7		94°	26.1	100.00%		maskN_995			f1ffe6	94.5	100.0	90.2	284.7	pink		94
248	239	255	229	93.73	89.8	183.5		97°	26.9	100.00%		maskN_995			efffe5	93.7	100.0	89.8	283.5	pink		97
249	217	255	206	85.1	80.78	165.9		107°	29.7	100.00%		maskN_995			d9ffce	85.1	100.0	80.8	265.9	?		107
250	213	255	174	83.53	68.24	151.8		91°	25.3	100.00%		maskN_995			d5ffae	83.5	100.0	68.2	251.8	pink		91
251	212	255	201	83.14	78.82	162		108°	30.0	100.00%		maskN_995			d4ffc9	83.1	100.0	78.8	262.0	pink		108
252	211	255	173	82.75	67.84	150.6		92°	25.6	100.00%		maskN_995			d3ffad	82.7	100.0	67.8	250.6	?		92
253	209	255	197	81.96	77.25	159.2		107°	29.7	100.00%		maskN_995			d1fec5	82.0	100.0	77.3	259.2	pink		107
254	204	255	194	80	76.08	156.1		110°	30.6	100.00%		maskN_995			ccffc2	80.0	100.0	76.1	256.1	pink		110
255	200	255	190	78.43	74.51	152.9		111°	30.8	100.00%		maskN_995			c8ffb3	78.4	100.0	74.5	252.9	pink		111
256	193	255	182	75.69	71.37	147.1		111°	30.8	100.00%		maskN_995			bafeb3	75.7	100.0	71.4	247.1	pink		111
257	191	255	179	74.9	70.2	145.1		111°	30.8	100.00%		maskN_995			bfffbb	74.9	100.0	70.2	245.1	pink		111
258	180	255	173	70.59	67.84	138.4		115°	31.9	100.00%		maskN_995			b4ffad	70.6	100.0	67.8	238.4	pink		115
259	176	255	167	69.02	65.49	134.5		114°	31.7	100.00%		maskN_995			c3fda6	69.0	100.0	65.5	234.5	pink		114
260	176	255	148	69.02	58.04	127.1		104°	28.9	100.00%		maskN_995			b0ff94	69.0	100.0	58.0	227.1	?		104
261	170	255	167	66.67	65.49	132.2		118°	32.8	100.00%		maskN_995			aaffa7	66.7	100.0	65.5	232.2	?		118
262	162	255	184	63.53	72.16	135.7		112°	31.1	100.00%		maskN_995			a2ff94	63.5	100.0	72.2	235.7	near pink		112
263	234	254	217	92.13	85.43	177.6		92°	25.6	99.00%		maskN_995			eaFed9	91.8	99.6	85.1	276.5	pink		92
264	192	254	143	75.59	56.3	131.9		94°	26.1	99.00%		maskN_995			c0fe8f	75.3	99.6	56.1	231.0	?		94
265	190	254	178	74.8	70.08	144.9		111°	30.8	99.00%		maskN_995			befeb2	74.5	99.6	69.8	243.9	pink		111
266	186	254	179	73.23	70.47	143.7		114°	31.7	99.00%		maskN_995			bafeb3	72.9	99.6	70.2	242.7	pink		114
267	179	254	163	70.47	64.17	134.6		109°	30.3	99.00%		maskN_995			b3fea3	70.2	99.6	63.9	233.7	?		109
268	147	254	116	57.87	45.67	103.5		107°	29.7	99.00%		maskN_995			93fe74	57.6	99.6	45.5	202.7	pink		107
269																						
270	208	253	194	82.21	76.68	158.9		106°	29.4	99.00%		maskN_97			d0fdc2	81.6	99.2	76.1	256.9	pink		106
271	195	253	166	77.08	65.61	142.7		100°	27.8	99.00%		maskN_97			c3fda6	76.5	99.2	65.1	240.8	pink		100
272	151	253	153	59.68	60.47	120.2		121°	33.6	99.00%		maskN_97			97fd99	59.2	99.2	60.0	218.4	ray		121
273	226	254	196	88.98	77.17	166.1		89°	24.7	99.00%		maskN_97			e2fec4	88.6	99.6	76.9	265.1	pink with town-light		89
274	224	252	194	88.89	76.98	165.9		89°	24.7	99.00%		maskN_97			e0fcc2	87.8	98.8	76.1	262.7	pink with town-light		89
275	156	251	147	62.15	58.57	120.7		115°	31.9	98.00%		maskN_97			9cfb93	61.2	98.4	57.6	217.3	?		115
276	155	251	118	61.75	47.01	108.8		103°	28.6	98.00%		maskN_97			9bfb76	60.8	98.4	46.3	205.5	pink		103
277	152	251	134	60.56	53.39	113.9		111°	30.8	98.00%		maskN_97			98fb86	59.6	98.4	52.5	210.6	pink		111
278	226	250	202	90.4	80.8	171.2		90°	25.0	98.00%		maskN_97			e2faca	88.6	98.0	79.2	265.9	pink		90
279	222	250	199	88.8	79.6	168.4		93°	25.8	98.00%		maskN_97			defac7	87.1	98.0	78.0	263.1	pink		93
280	185	250	166	74	66.4	140.4		106°	29.4	98.00%		maskN_97			b9faa6	72.5	98.0	65.1	235.7	pink		106
281	163	250	143	65.2	57.2	122.4		109°	30.3	98.00%		maskN_97			a3fa8f	63.9	98.0	56.1	218.0	pink		109
282	140	250	137	56	54.8	110.8		118°	32.8	98.00%		maskN_97			8cfa89	54.9	98.0	53.7	206.7	near pink		118
283	131	250	130	52.4	52	104.4		119°	33.1	98.00%		maskN_97			84fa82	51.4	98.0	51.0	200.4	?		119
284	223	249	201	89.56	80.72	170.3		92°	25.6	98.00%		maskN_97			dff9c9	87.5	97.6	78.8	263.9	pink		92
285	179	249	150	71.89	60.24	132.1		102°	28.3	98.00%		maskN_97			b3f996	70.2	97.6	58.8	226.7	pink		102

How criterion looks like (AND logic between columns)

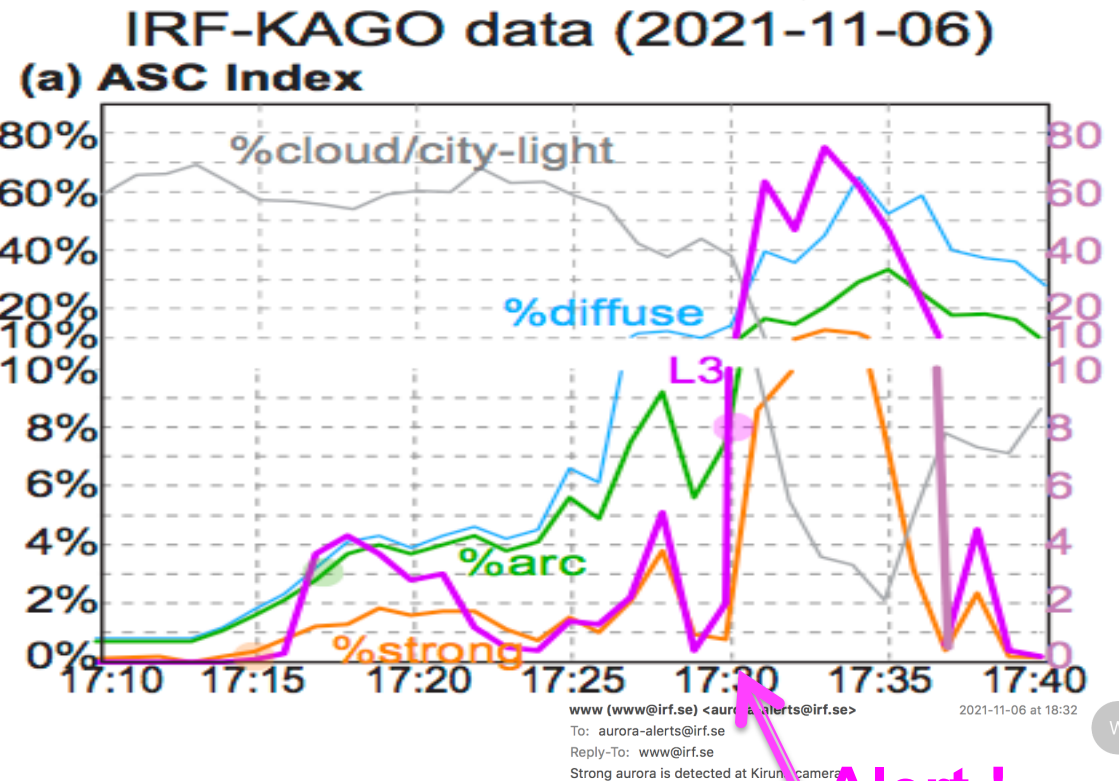
category	OR conditions	H	G	R/G	B/G	(R+B)/G
strong aurora	N ₂ -1a	0.25≤, <0.34	0.97≤	0.50≤, <0.92		<1.90
strong aurora	N ₂ -1b	0.25≤, <0.34	0.995≤	0.50≤, <0.95		<1.90
strong aurora	1	0.26≤, <0.36	0.95≤	<0.75		<1.90
strong aurora	2	0.30≤, <0.36	0.88≤	<0.70	<0.66	
strong aurora	3	0.30≤, <0.34	0.83≤	<0.62	<0.57	
strong aurora	4	0.32≤, <0.36	0.76≤	<0.43	<0.50	<0.89
strong aurora	5	0.30≤, <0.352	0.77≤, <0.83	<0.60	<0.64	≥0.96
strong aurora	6	0.26≤, <0.31	0.75≤, <0.95	<0.69	<0.54	
green arc	1	0.32≤, <0.36	0.69≤	<0.47	<0.51	
green arc	2	0.36≤, <0.41	0.69≤	<0.70	<0.80	
green arc	3a	0.28≤, <0.35	0.65≤, <0.80	<0.70		<1.21
green arc	3b	0.28≤, <0.35	0.65≤, <0.80	<0.70	<0.62	
green arc	4	0.24≤, <0.27	0.59≤, <0.70	<0.80	<0.55	
green arc	5	0.20≤, <0.24	0.59≤, <0.77	<0.92	<0.65	
green arc	6	0.30≤, <0.36	0.55≤, <0.68	<0.61	<0.61	
green arc	7	0.25≤, <0.35	0.50≤, <0.69	<0.75	<0.51	

Two-step calculation to define activity level

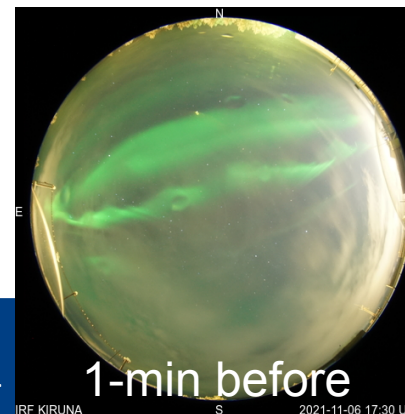
1. First convert each image (1 million pixels) into a simple set of numbers.

1a. Classify each pixel into "strong", "green arc", "diffuse", cloud, artificial light, and moon. We use "expert system" on the color (RGB values) each pixel

1b. Obtain **coverage (%)** of each category and **average intensity** of "strong" aurora in real-time (every minute).
⇒ This set of numbers is "All-Sky Camera auroral index"



2021-11-06



example: 2021-11-06

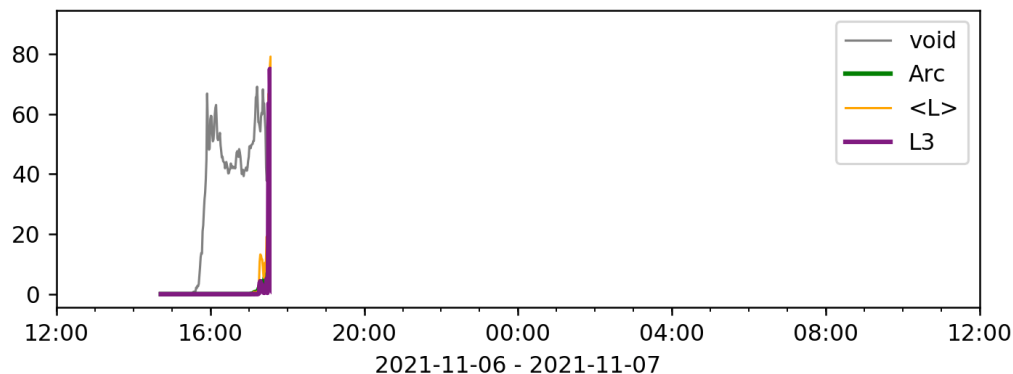
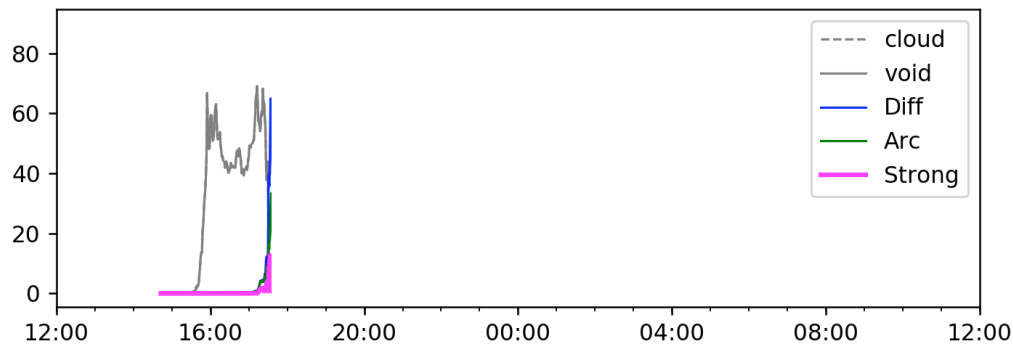
Real-time products

www.irf.se/alis/allsky/nowcast/latest.csv

DATE,	TIME,	DOY,	Diff,	Arc,	Strong,	void,	cloud,	<L>,	L ³
2021-11-06,	17:24:00,	310,	4.5,	4.1,	0.74,	63.5,	63.5,	5.4,	0.4
2021-11-06,	17:25:00,	310,	6.6,	5.6,	1.54,	58.5,	58.5,	10.4,	1.4
2021-11-06,	17:26:00,	310,	6.1,	4.9,	1.02,	54.9,	54.9,	7.7,	1.3
2021-11-06,	17:27:00,	310,	11.5,	7.5,	2.09,	42.2,	42.2,	12.2,	2.2
2021-11-06,	17:28:00,	310,	12.3,	9.2,	3.80,	37.7,	37.7,	19.2,	5.1
2021-11-06,	17:29:00,	310,	9.9,	5.6,	0.95,	44.0,	43.9,	5.7,	0.4
2021-11-06,	17:30:00,	310,	14.1,	7.5,	0.79,	38.0,	38.0,	10.6,	2.0
2021-11-06,	17:31:00,	310,	39.7,	16.5,	8.59,	10.0,	9.9,	66.8,	63.5
2021-11-06,	17:32:00,	310,	35.7,	14.8,	9.53,	5.5,	5.5,	57.8,	47.1

like moment file

www.irf.se/alis/allsky/nowcast/latest.png



last hour

www.irf.se/alis/allsky/nowcast/latest-hour.png

M. Yamauchi
Kiruna, Sweden

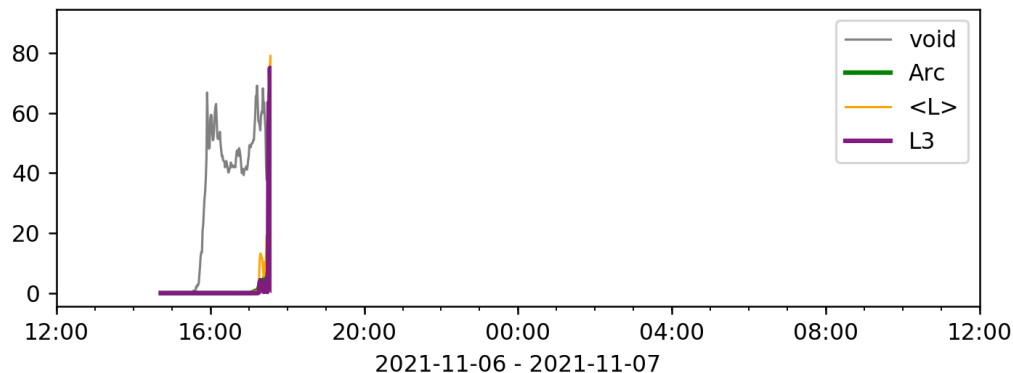
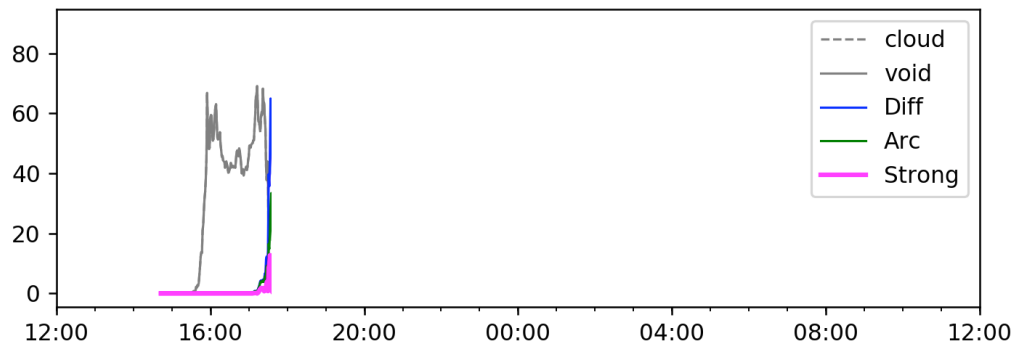
Real-time products

First break-up

www.irf.se/alis/allsky/nowcast/latest.csv

DATE,	TIME,	DOY,	Diff,	Arc,	Strong,	void,	cloud,	<L>,	L ³
2021-11-06,	17:24:00,	310,	4.5,	4.1,	0.74,	63.5,	63.5,	5.4,	0.4
2021-11-06,	17:25:00,	310,	6.6,	5.6,	1.54,	58.5,	58.5,	10.4,	1.4
2021-11-06,	17:26:00,	310,	6.1,	4.9,	1.02,	54.9,	54.9,	7.7,	1.3
2021-11-06,	17:27:00,	310,	11.5,	7.5,	2.09,	42.2,	42.2,	12.2,	2.2
2021-11-06,	17:28:00,	310,	12.3,	9.2,	3.80,	37.7,	37.7,	19.2,	5.1
2021-11-06,	17:29:00,	310,	9.9,	5.6,	0.95,	44.0,	43.9,	5.7,	0.4
2021-11-06,	17:30:00,	310,	14.1,	7.5,	0.79,	38.0,	38.0,	10.6,	2.0
2021-11-06,	17:31:00,	310,	39.7,	16.5,	8.59,	10.0,	9.9,	66.8,	63.5
2021-11-06,	17:32:00,	310,	35.7,	14.8,	9.53,	5.5,	5.5,	57.8,	47.1

www.irf.se/alis/allsky/nowcast/latest.png



Level-6:

arc $\geq 3\%$, str $\geq 0.2\%$

$L^3 \geq 8$

Level-4a:

arc $\geq 2\%$, str $\geq 0.2\%$

$L^3 \geq 5$

Level-4b:

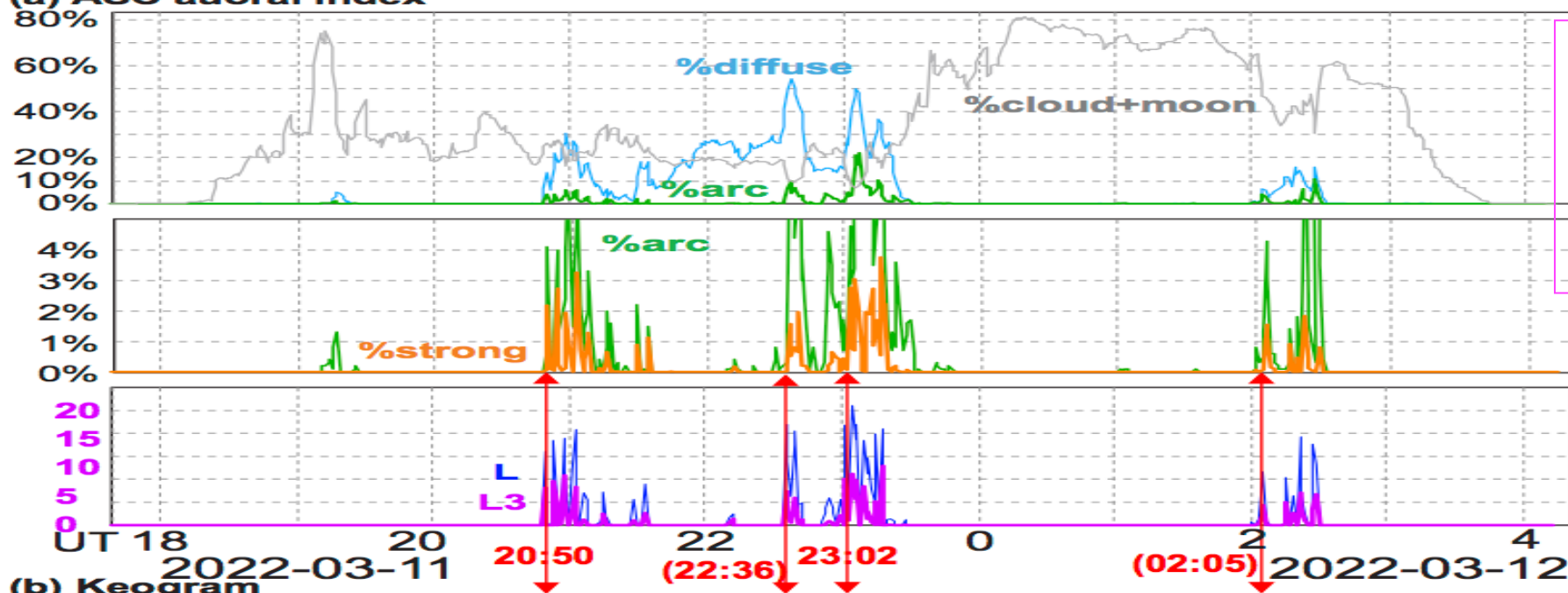
arc $\geq 1\%$, str $\geq 0.1\%$

str $\cdot L^3 \geq 1.5$ (%)

see also

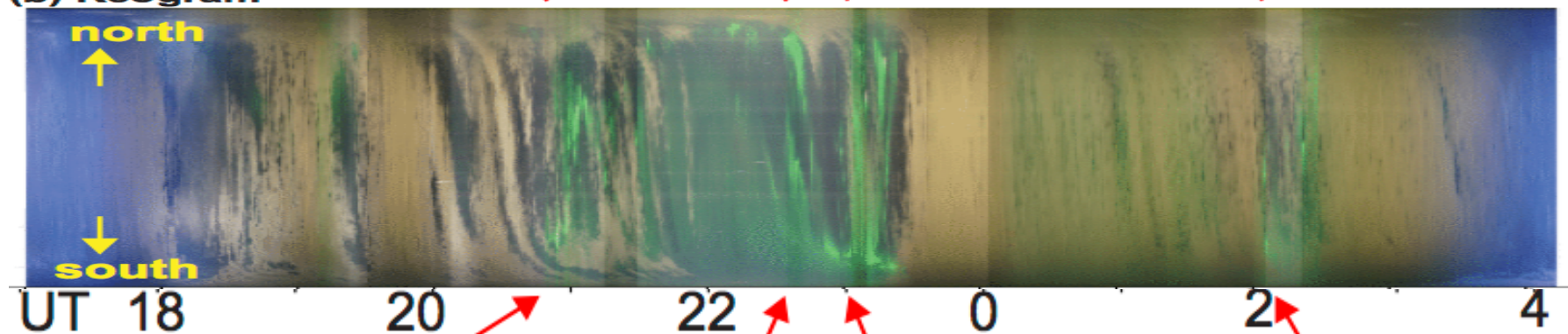
www.irf.se/alis/allsky/nowcast/latest-hour.png

(a) ASC auoral index

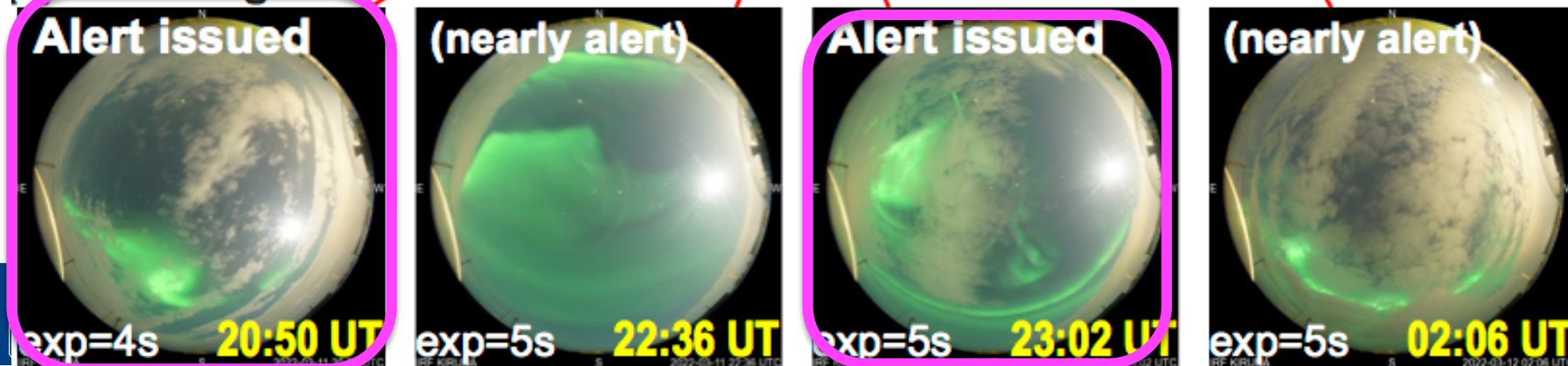


Level-6 =
alert mail:
arc $\geq 3\%$,
str $\geq 0.2\%$,
& L3 ≥ 8

(b) Keogram



(c) ASC images



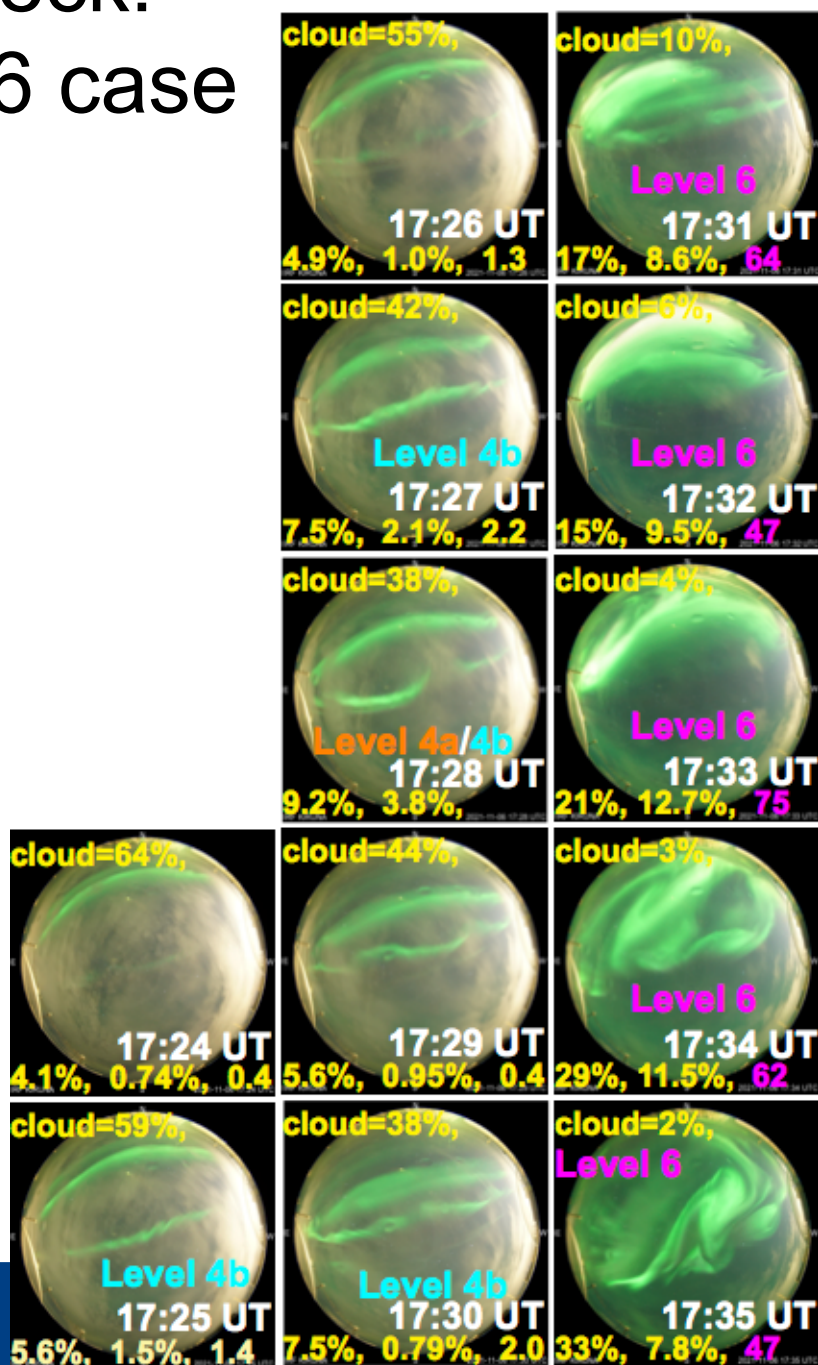
Two-step calculation to define activity level

1. **Convert image (255x255x255 colors x 1 million pixels information) into simple set of numbers = ASC auroral index.**
 - 1a. Classify each pixel into "diffuse", "green arc", "strong (=saturated or mixed with N_2^+ line)", cloud, artificial light, and moon. **We use R, G, B, H** (in version-0, we used H, S, L only)
 - 1b. Obtain % of pixel coverage of each category and also average intensity of "strong" aurora. $\Rightarrow$ This set of numbers is "All-Sky Camera auroral index". $\Rightarrow$ Real time production every minutes
2. **Use this index to define the level of aurora.**
 - 2a. **Level 6: clear breakup $\Rightarrow$ Done**
 - 2b. Level 5: breakup-like motion with less intensity $\Rightarrow$ to be identified
 - 2c. **Level 4: nearly breakup (possible precursor) $\Rightarrow$ under tuning**

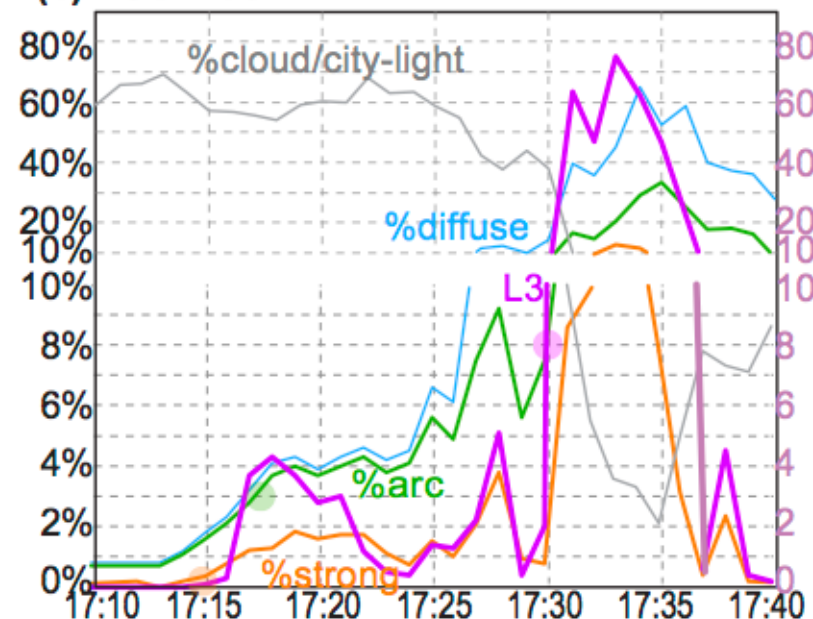
Detail check: 2021-11-06 case

Kiruna Atmospheric and Geophysical Observatory data (2021-11-06)

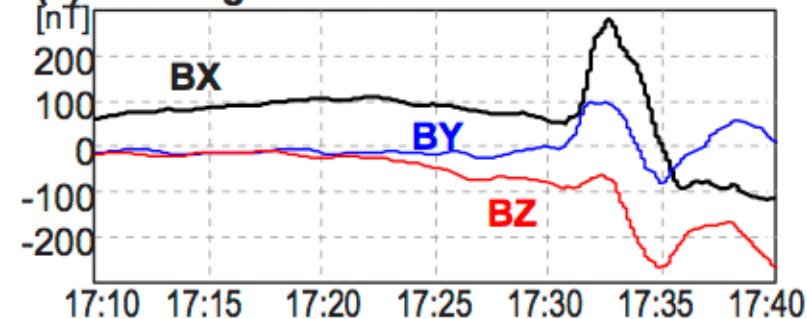
(a) ASC images



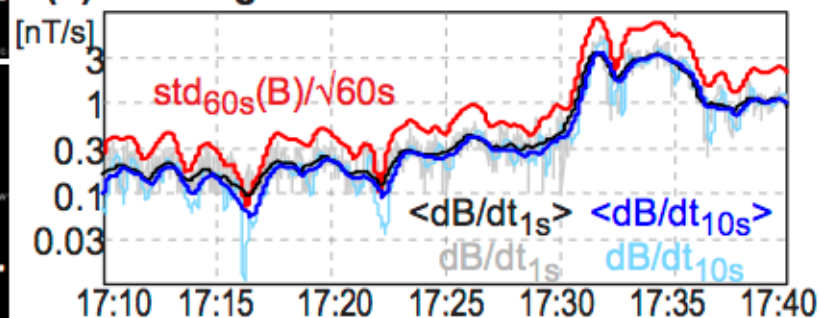
(b) ASC Index

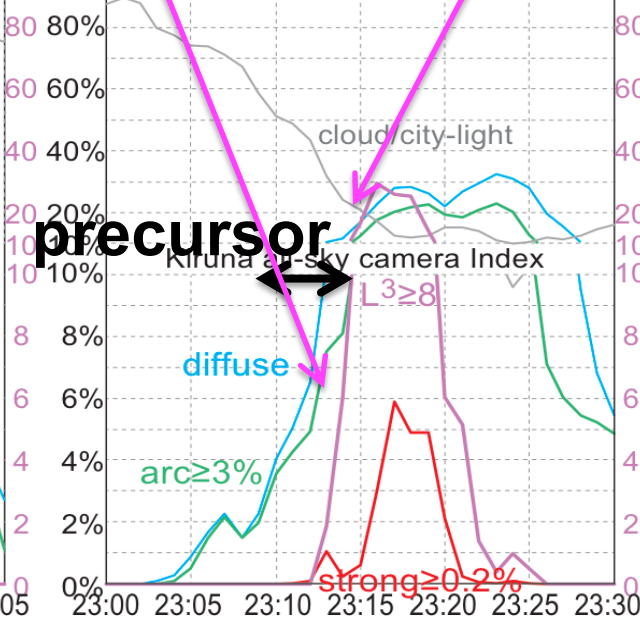
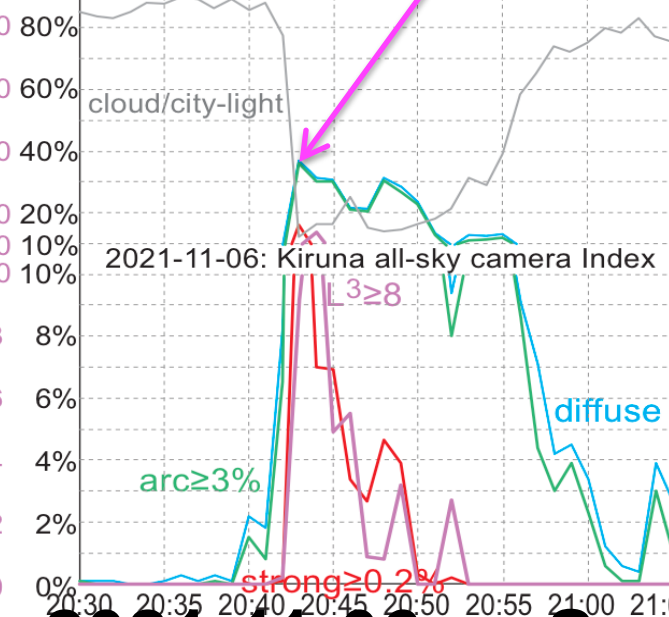
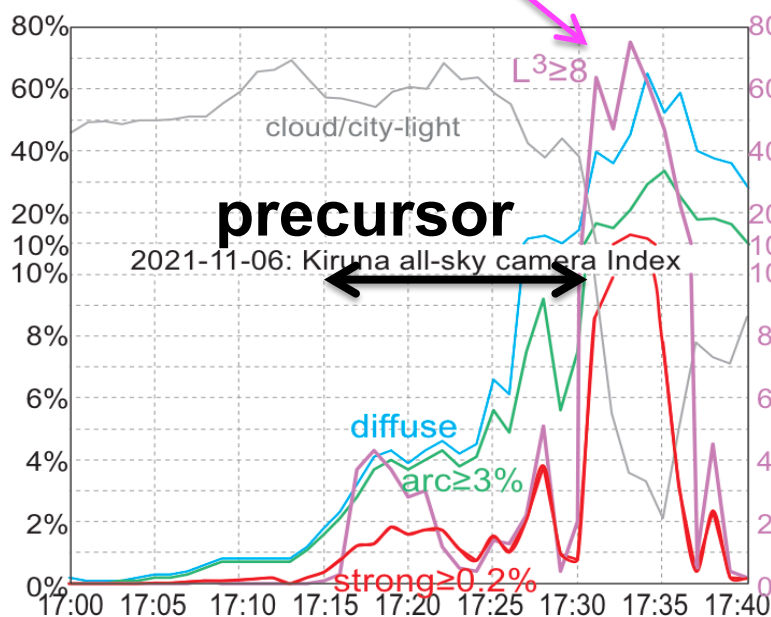
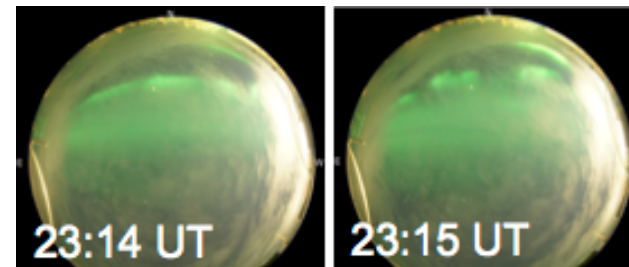
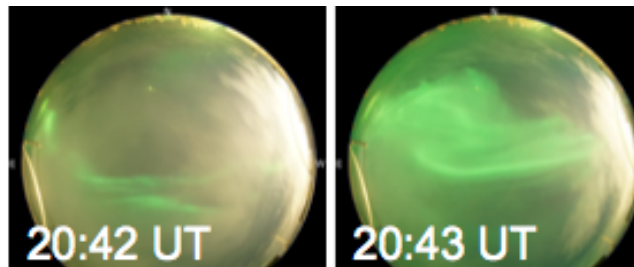
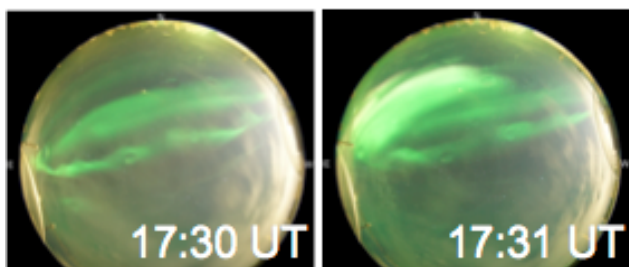


(c) Geomagnetic field



(d) Geomagnetic fluctuation



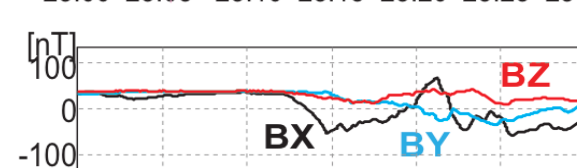
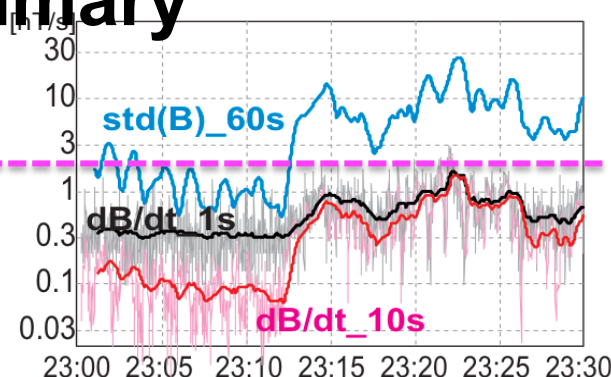
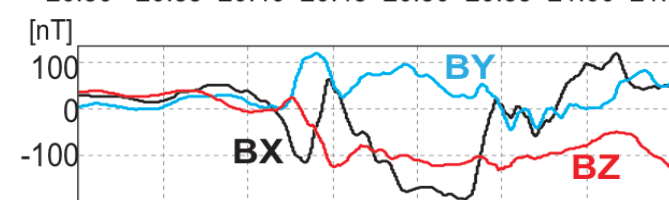
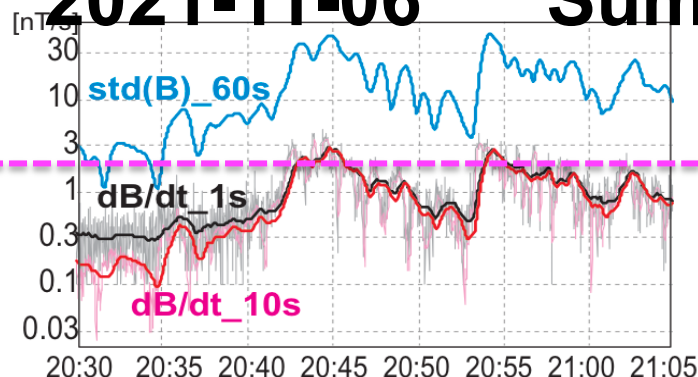
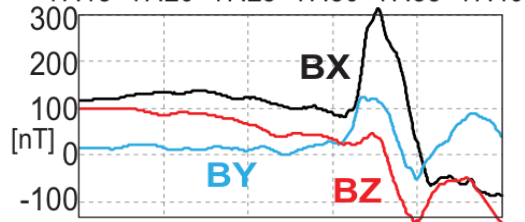
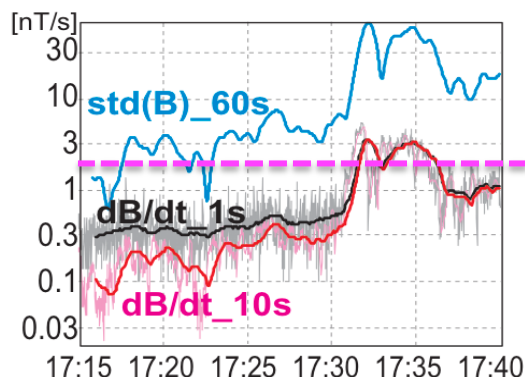


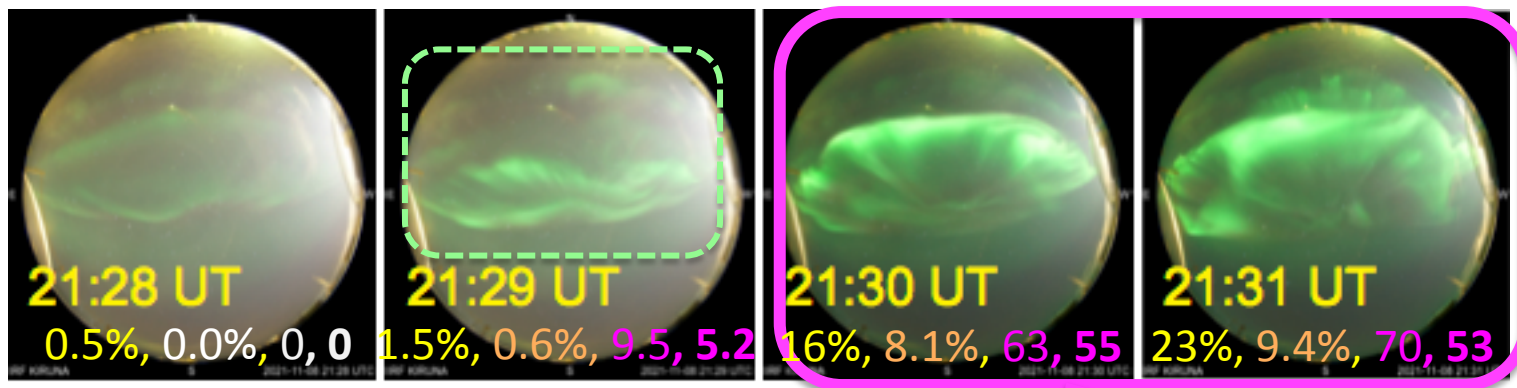
2021-11-06 Summary

ASC
index

vs.

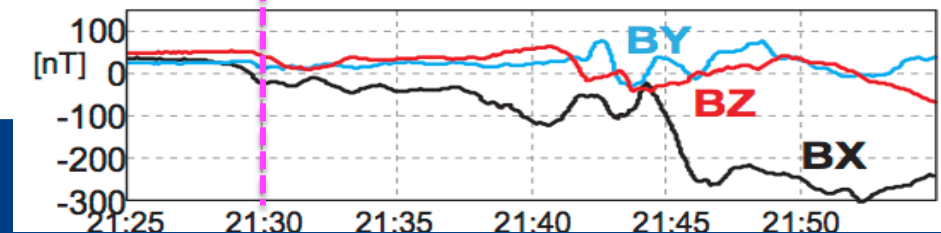
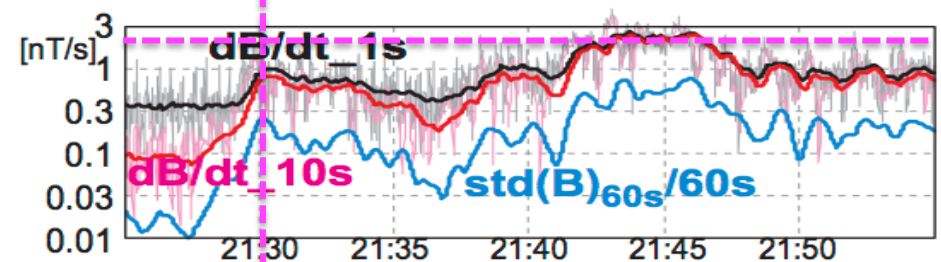
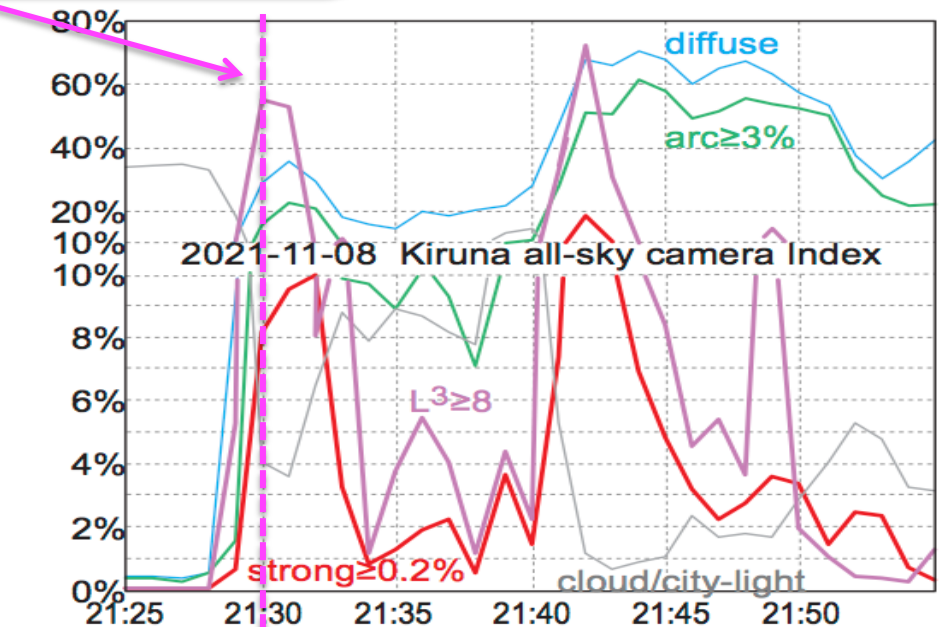
dB/dt





Works with
cloud

2021-11-08



To: aurora-alerts@irf.se

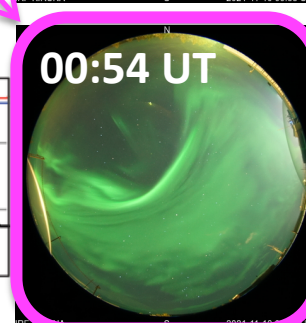
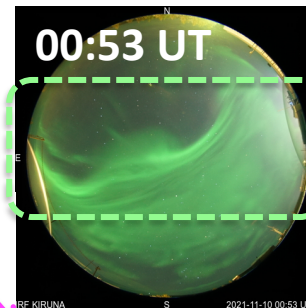
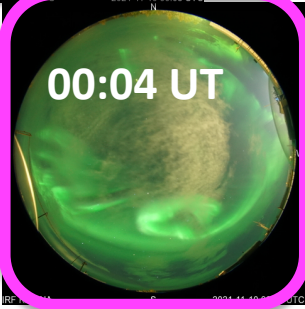
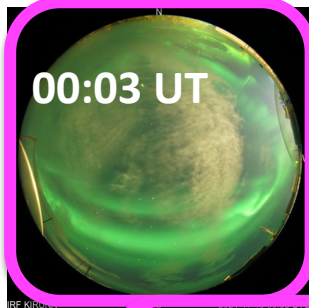
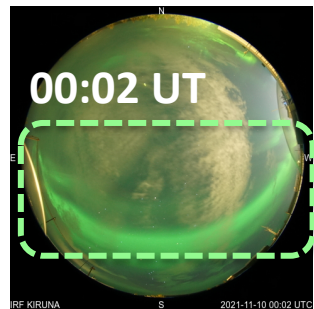
Reply-To: www@irf.se

Strong aurora is detected at Kiruna camera

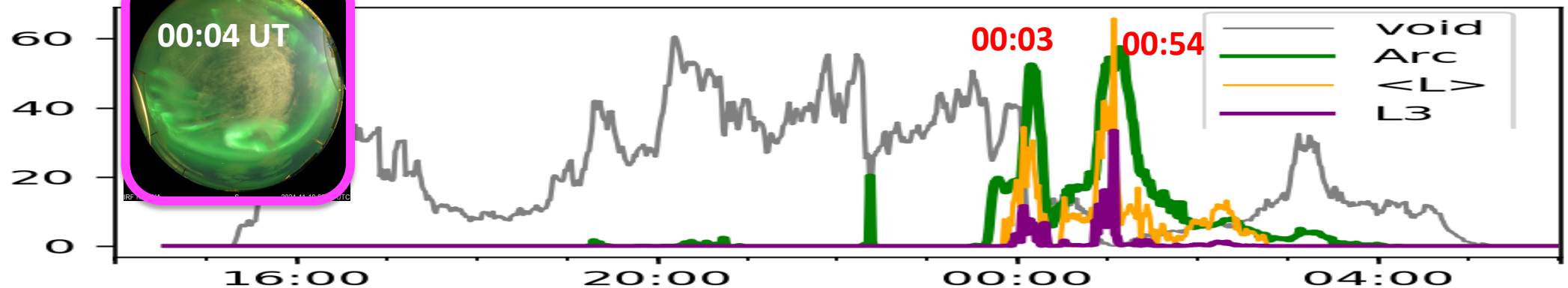
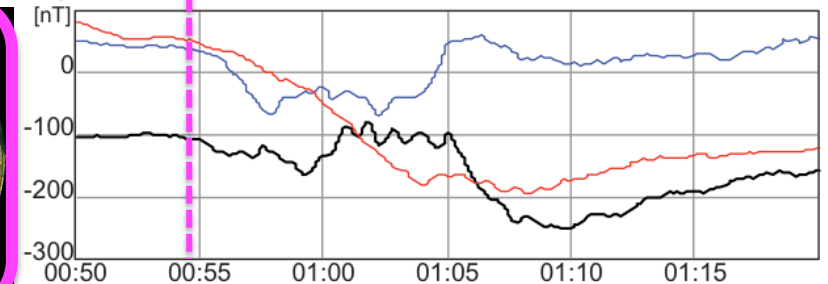
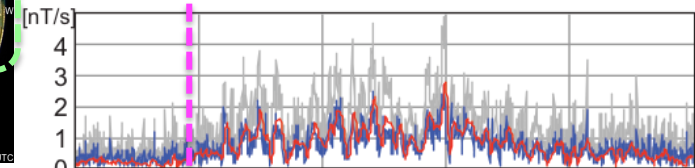
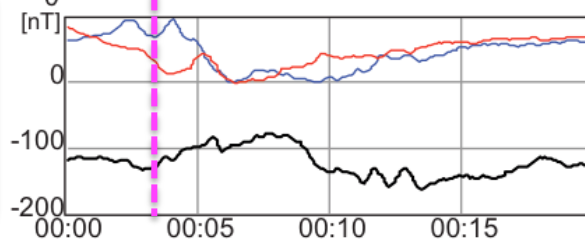
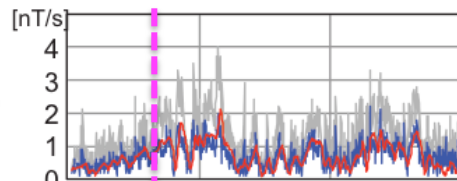
post-midnight: after 01:30 LT,
alert Omega band = success

2021-11-10 00:03 UTC Strong aurora is detected at Kiruna camera, see: [IRF Allsky-Camera](#)

2021-11-10 00:54 UTC Strong aurora is detected at Kiruna camera, see: [IRF Allsky-Camera](#)



cf. dB alert: 21:09, 21:49,
23:25, 00:05, 00:46 UT



Summary (version 1.0)

Pixel-to-pixel judging of color (R,G,B,H) to classify into "strong aurora", "green arc", "diffuse", "cloud", etc., using a simple criteria (expert system).

Coverage (%) and weighted luminosity ⇒ All-sky camera "auroral index"
⇒ update every minute in ascii format www.irf.se/alis/allsky/nowcast/latest.csv
⇒ define the activity level from this index (Level 6 = alert e-mail).

Level-6 corresponds to all local "expanding enhancement", including traveling bulge, pre-midnight breakup & post-midnight omega band onset (cf. magnetic signature is not sufficient in many cases)

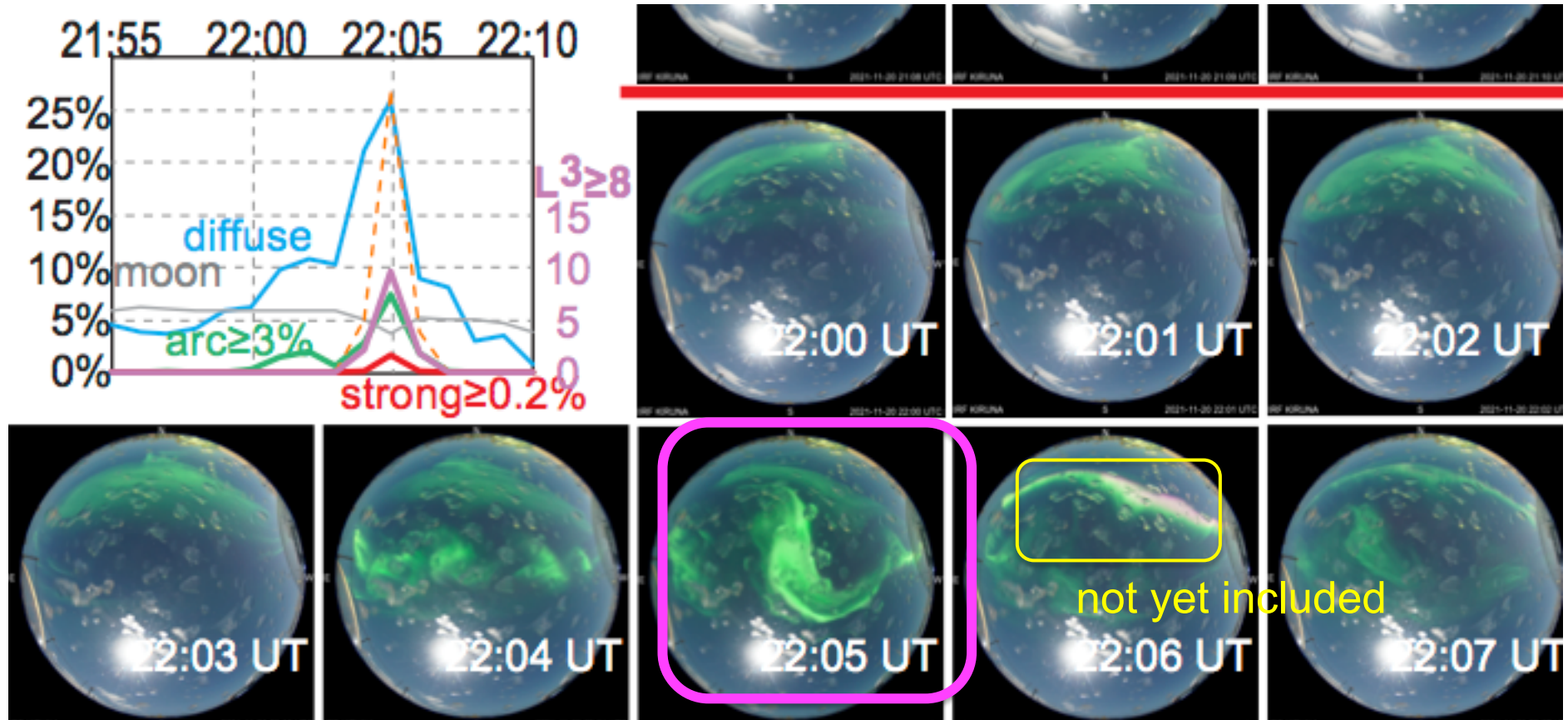
Beta-test in operation since November 2021

⇒ A 90% success rate so far (10% of false-negative and 10% of false positive)

Thus, simple expert system (pixel-judge) works!

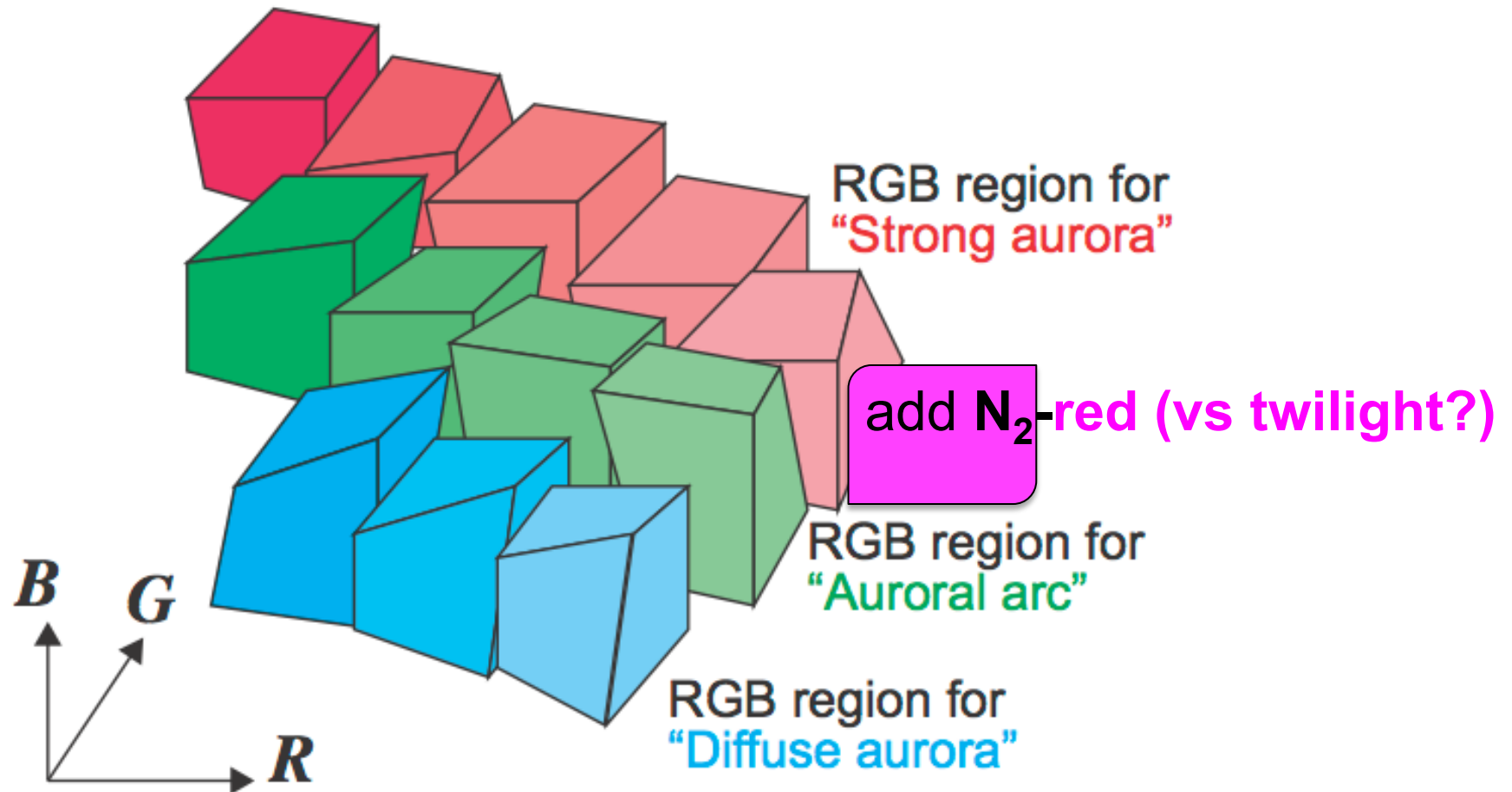
- Machine learning method to be combined in future
- Most important: camera with fixed exposure time is better

Future improvement: e.g., N₂-red



1. First, Classify each pixel (255x255x255 colors)

RGB 3-D space (256x256x256)



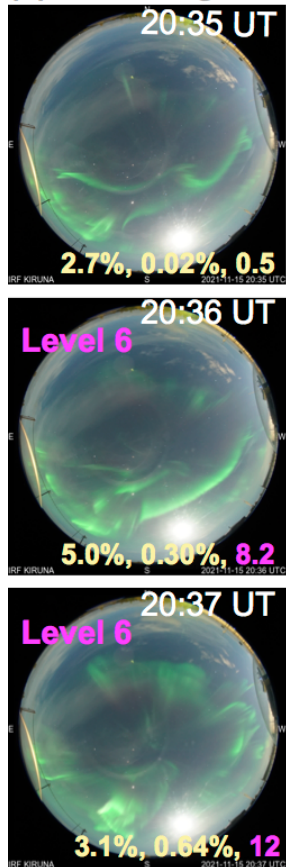
Each "box" represents "this is clearly aurora etc."
There is some overlap, but only one type is chosen

Future improvement: e.g., moon cases

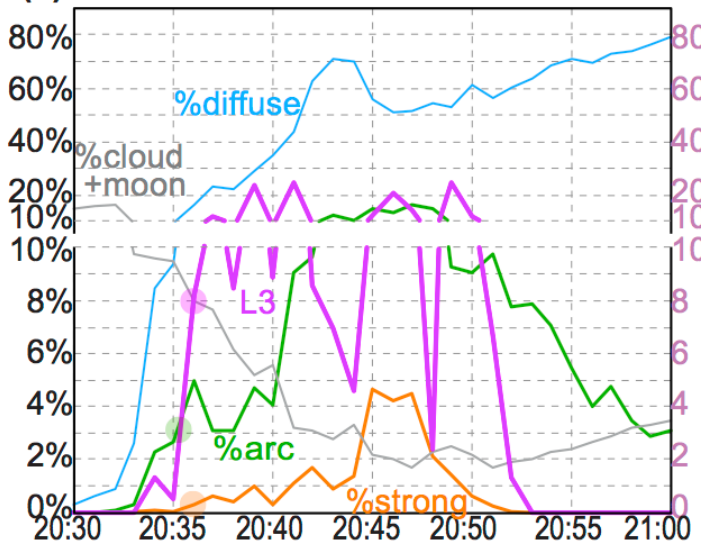
success

Kiruna Atmospheric and Geophysical Observatory data (2021-11-15)

(a) ASC images



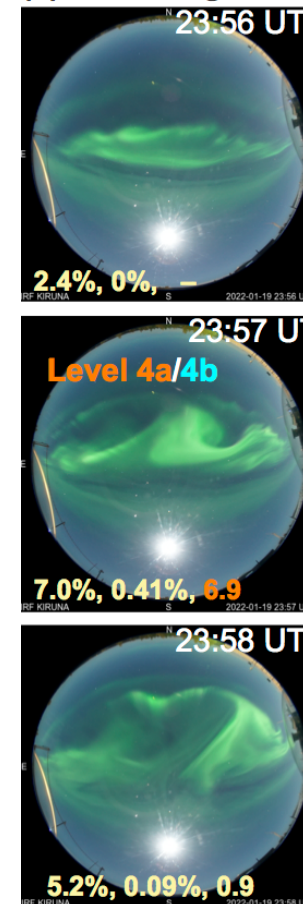
(b) ASC Index



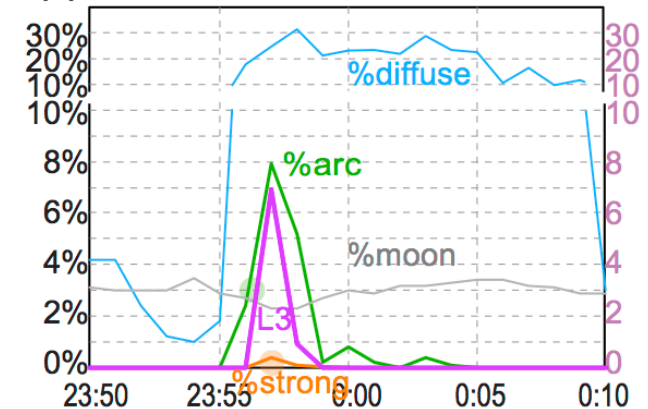
fail

Kiruna Atmospheric and Geophysical Observatory data (2022-1-19)

(a) ASC images



(b) ASC Index



Color changes with moon/twilight

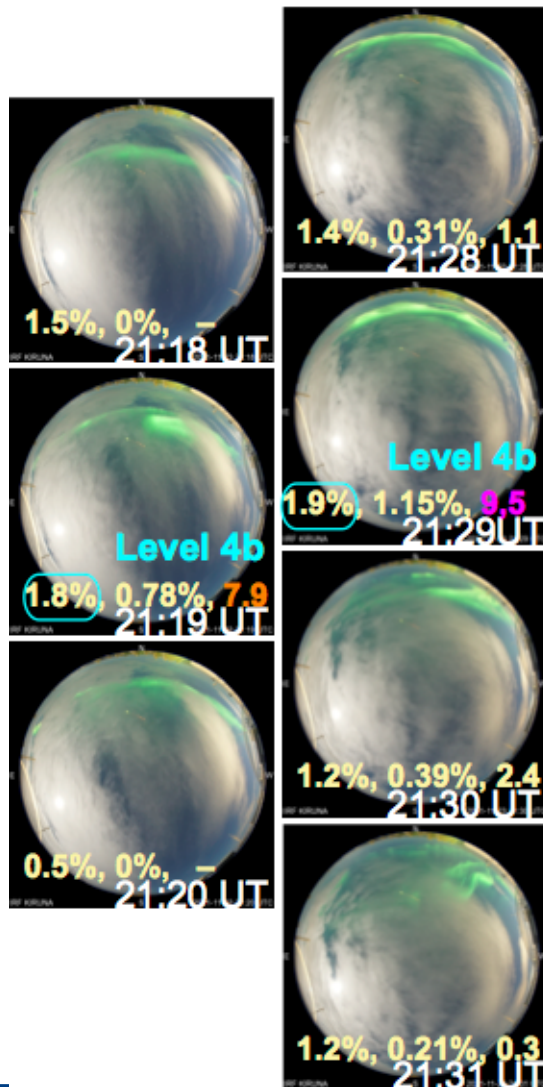
⇒ need further non-linear treatment when the moon is detected

northern edge

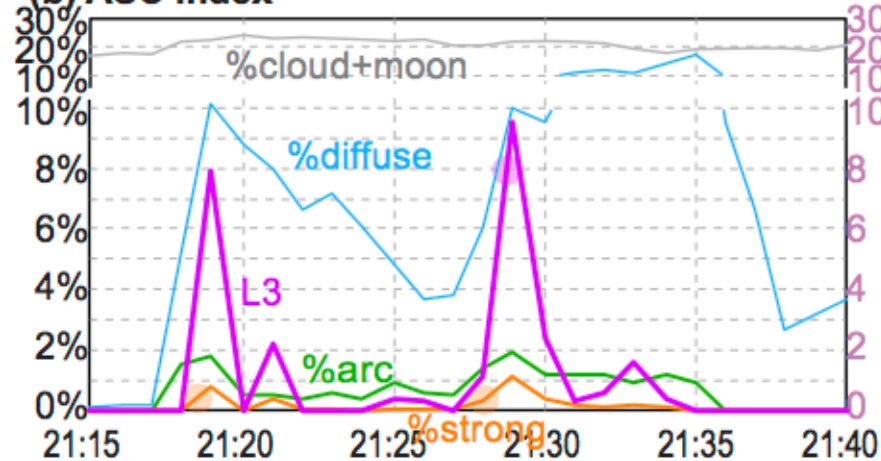
fail

Kiruna Atmospheric and Geophysical Observatory data (2021-11-23)

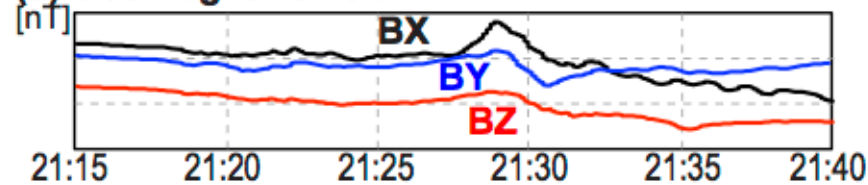
(a) ASC images



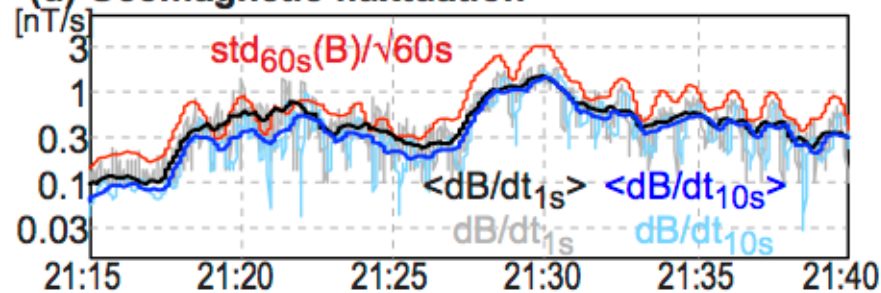
(b) ASC Index



(c) Geomagnetic field



(d) Geomagnetic fluctuation



toward v. 2 and v.3

As additional parameter to define the level, **UT information and previous 5-min activity** should be included $\Rightarrow$ version 1.2

We plan to add "weak-breakup" and "strong N₂ line") in the definition of aurora because there are some rooms to add them in the R-G-B space. $\Rightarrow$ version 1.3

Level-4a and Level-4b are good candidate for **last minute precursor**, but need more tuning $\Rightarrow$ We plan to use NN to find out good set that predicts Level-6. $\Rightarrow$ version 2

As external index, **magnetic activity** can be used to define the level. Baseline is ΔB_x and $dB/dt_{10\text{sec}}$. $\Rightarrow$ version 2 (i.e., additional "index")

The moon filter can be tuned (currently 14 times the moon radius are masked), i.e., reducing R,G,B values when moon is identified . $\Rightarrow$ version 3

Entire FOV should be **divided into two-three regions** (north, middle, south) and obtaining the index values for each regions when computer power improves. $\Rightarrow$ version 3

some useful links (nowcast/Kiruna)

Magnetometer + keogram combined

<https://www2.irf.se/mag/>

All-sky camera (image + past movie + keogram)

<https://www.irf.se/alis/allsky/krn/dark.html>

ASC auroral index (past 1 hour)

<https://www.irf.se/alis/allsky/nowcast/latest-hour.png>

Weather forecast

<https://www.smhi.se/q/Kiruna/605155#ort=605155,Kiruna,Kiruna,Sverige,67.85/20.216667>

Appendix-3: file format

Level-6:

arc $\geq 3\%$, str $\geq 0.2\%$
 $L^3 \geq 8$

Level-4a:

arc $\geq 2\%$, str $\geq 0.2\%$
 $L^3 \geq 5$

Level-4b:

arc $\geq 1\%$, str $\geq 0.1\%$
 $\text{str} \cdot L^3 \geq 1.5 (\%)$

Format similar to IAGA-2002
 Source of Data Swedish Institute of Space Physics
 Station Name Kiruna
 IAGA CODE KIR
 Geodetic Lat. 67.83
 Geodetic Long. 20.42
 Elevation 400
 Pixels (for average) 140000 (2500)
 Reported occupancy of auroral pixels and intensity
 Occupancy (% pixels) Diff(diffuse), Arc, Strong, void, cloud
 Intensity (average) <L>, <L*L*L> (for strongest pixels only)
 Sensor ASC, Sony alpha7s, Nikon Nikkor 8 mm 1:2.8
 Digital Sampling 1 minute
 Integration time 1 sec
 Data Type Provisional

DATE,	TIME,	DOY,	Diff,	Arc,	Strong,	void,	cloud,	<L>,	L^3
2021-11-15,	14:16:00,	319,	0.0,	0.0,	0.00,	0.0,	0.0,	0.0,	0.0
2021-11-15,	14:17:00,	319,	0.0,	0.0,	0.00,	0.0,	0.0,	0.0,	0.0
...									
2021-11-15,	20:33:00,	319,	2.6,	0.3,	0.01,	9.8,	0.9,	0.0,	0.0
2021-11-15,	20:34:00,	319,	8.5,	2.3,	0.10,	9.6,	0.8,	4.1,	1.3
2021-11-15,	20:35:00,	319,	9.4,	2.7,	0.02,	9.5,	0.7,	1.6,	0.5
2021-11-15,	20:36:00,	319,	16.6,	5.0,	0.30,	8.0,	0.6,	14.1,	8.2
2021-11-15,	20:37:00,	319,	23.4,	3.1,	0.64,	7.7,	0.5,	17.2,	12.1
2021-11-15,	20:38:00,	319,	22.4,	3.1,	0.43,	6.2,	0.6,	13.6,	8.5
2021-11-15,	20:39:00,	319,	29.2,	4.7,	0.99,	5.2,	0.9,	29.1,	23.6
2021-11-15,	20:40:00,	319,	34.8,	4.1,	0.31,	5.6,	1.4,	12.7,	8.9
2021-11-15,	20:41:00,	319,	43.6,	9.1,	1.13,	3.2,	0.6,	37.8,	24.6
2021-11-15,	20:42:00,	319,	62.6,	9.7,	1.71,	3.1,	0.8,	24.1,	8.6
2021-11-15,	20:43:00,	319,	70.8,	12.6,	0.87,	2.8,	0.8,	23.1,	7.0
2021-11-15,	20:44:00,	319,	70.1,	10.6,	1.39,	3.3,	0.8,	16.8,	4.6
2021-11-15,	20:45:00,	319,	55.7,	15.2,	4.66,	2.2,	0.3,	35.9,	12.5

ASC auroral index
 is a good start in
 defining auroral
 activity level.

Ascii form text file
 is good format to
 store real-time data