One-two hour scale evolution of the inner magnetospheric plasma

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Analyses

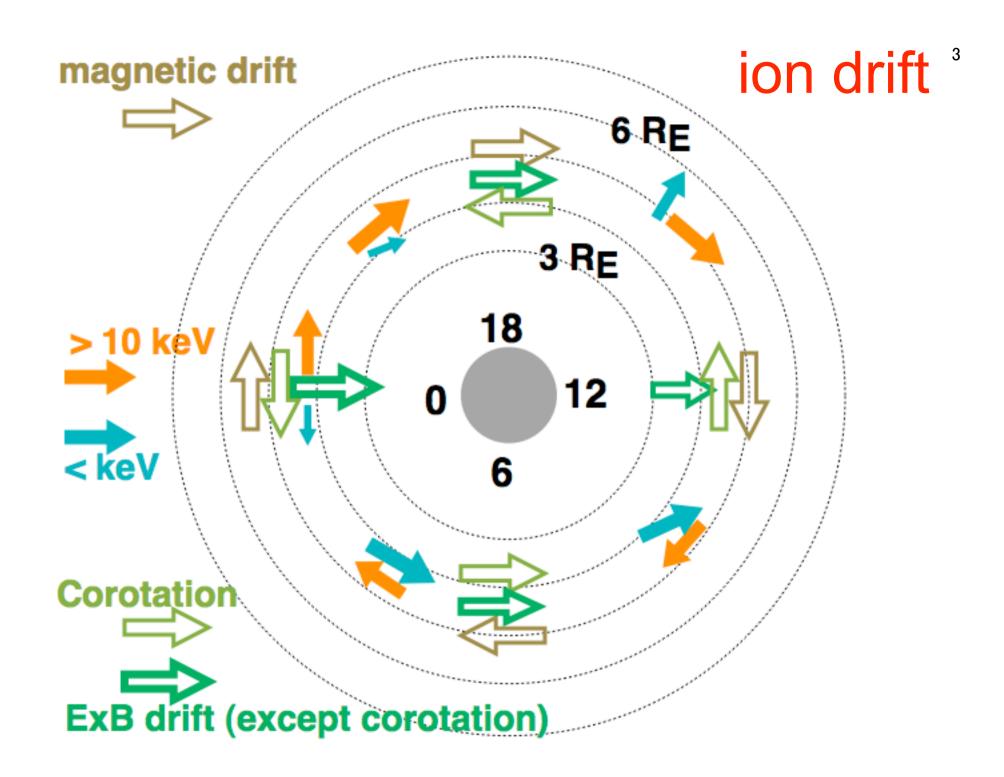
Where? Inner Magnetosphere at 4~6 R_E (Cluster perigee)

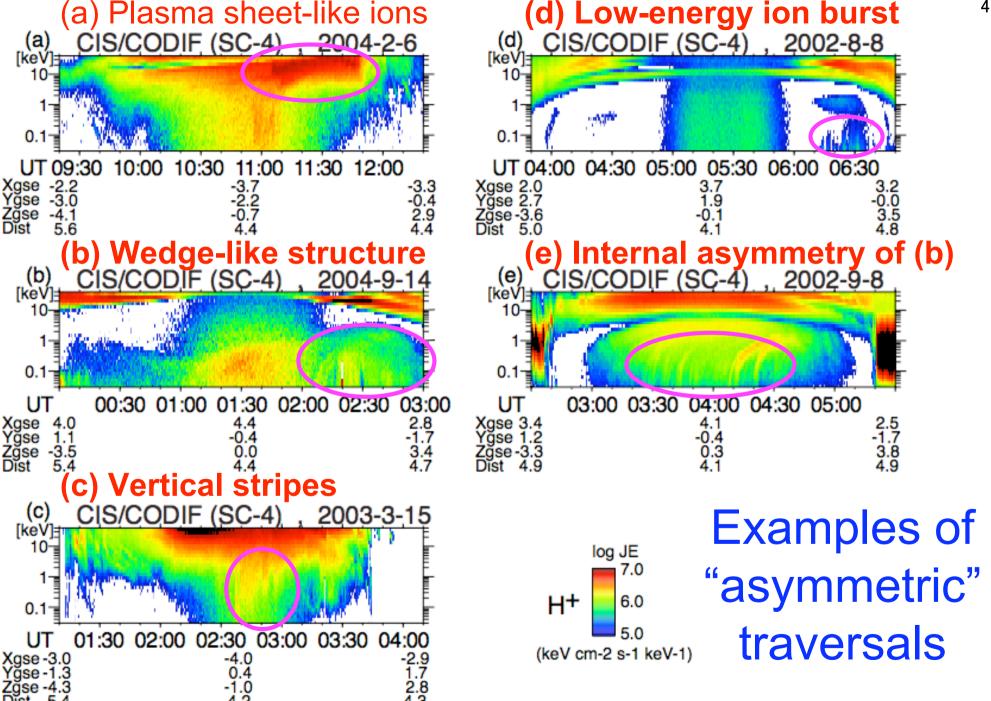
Species? H⁺ of 0.05 ~ 5 keV (CIS/CODIF energy range)

Distribution? Stripes or burst structures in E-T spectrogram

In this work: Inbound-outbound asymmetry as indication of 1-2 hour scale evolution/decay (because trapped ions are normally north-south symmetric except seasonal effect due to bouncing, and Cluster traverses nearly along the same LT) that reflects "event" such as substorms.

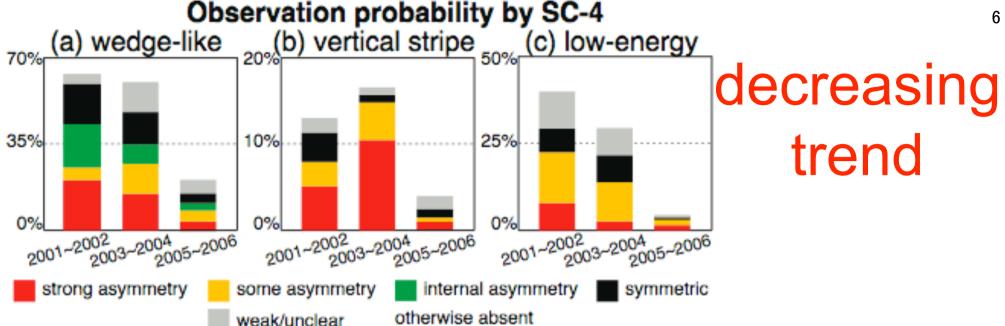
We examined all SC-4 perigee pass during 2001-2006 (about 670 traversals, with clean data of 460 traversals).



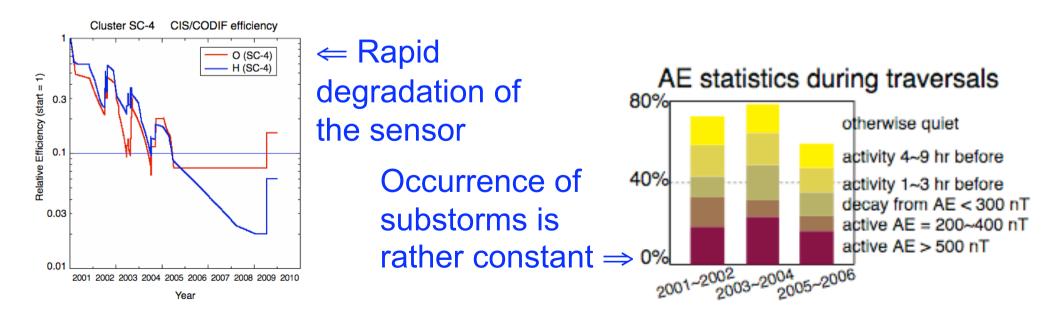


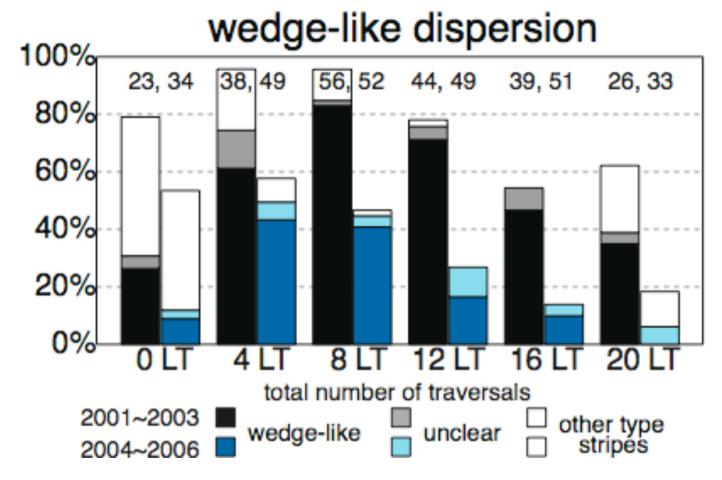
We examine ion signatures of

- (b) Wedge-like energy-latitude structure at sub-keV range. The energy of the source population is much lower plasma sheet, predominantly found in the morning sector some hours after a substorm.
- (c) Vertical stripes that is similar to the wedge-like structure but dispersion is weak (nearly vertical in the spectrogram). The energy extends from the about 10 keV to sub-keV.
- (d) Short bursts of low-energy ions isolated from the above structures, with a peak energy flux less than 100 eV but not thermal.
- (e) Internal asymmetry of the wedge-like structure

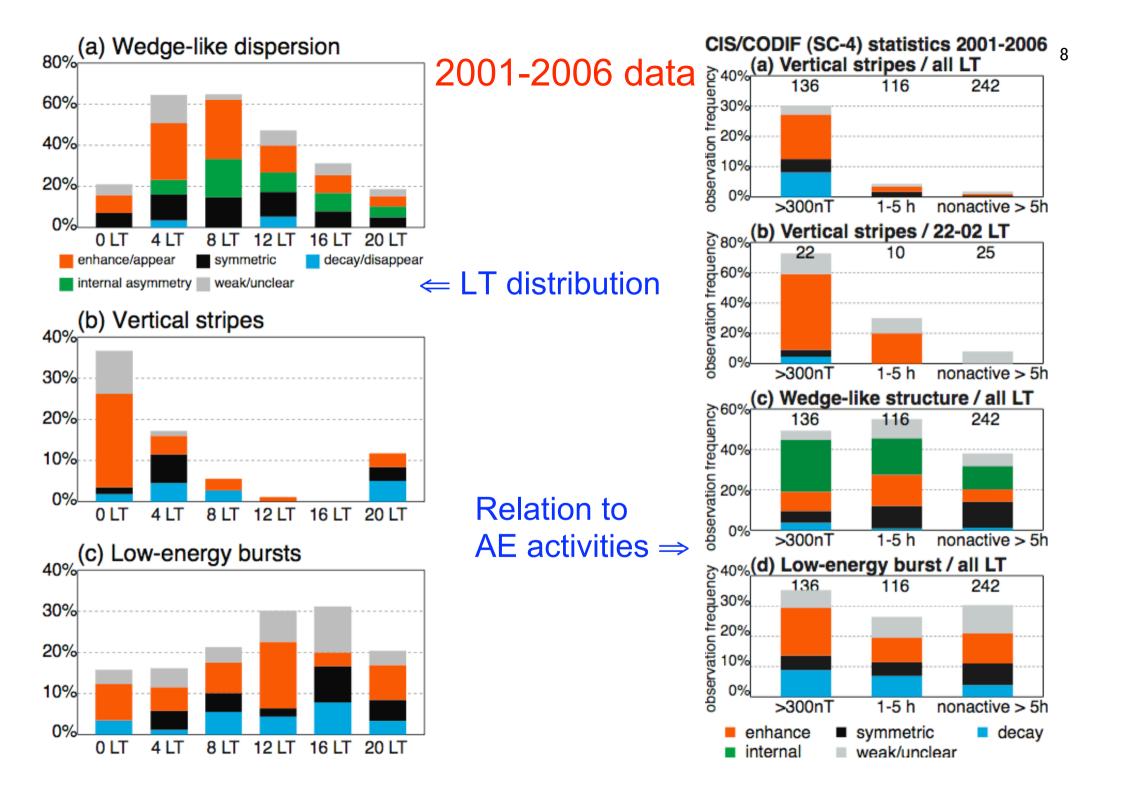


Valid traversals for 2001-2002, 2003-2004, 2005-2006 are 177, 115, 202, respectively. ⇒ rapid decrease is due to instrumental





Local time distribution is not very much changed from 2001-2003 to $2004-2006 \Rightarrow$ can safely use 2001-2006 data together. (note: there is a slight shift of the peak probability, which probably reflect the weaker E-field during substorm for 2004-2006 than 2001-2003)



Summary

Three basic energy-latitude patterns of ions in the sub-keV range:

- (1) Wedge-like energy-latitude dispersed structure (< a few keV),
- (2) Vertical stripes (< 10 keV),
- (3) Short-lived low-energy ion (< few hundred eV).
 - Asymmetric cases are found more often than symmetric cases at almost all LT for all three patterns.
 - High rate of asymmetry at local midnight for (2).
 - No LT preference of asymmetry for (1) and (3).
 - Clear relation to AE (AL) for (2).

Significant changes within 1-2 hours in the inner magnetospheric ion populations, and short lifetime of the low-energy bursts of about 1 hour of less.

For (1) and (2), Relation with AE is the clearest when we set the threshold value of AL -300 nT instead of -200 nT or -400 nT